

AGENDA Consents & Regulatory

Tuesday 1 September 2020, 9.30am

Consents and Regulatory Committee

01 September 2020 09:30 AM - 10:30 AM

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Purpose of Consents and Regulatory Committee meeting

This committee attends to all matters in relation to resource consents, compliance monitoring and pollution incidents, biosecurity monitoring and enforcement.

Responsibilities

Consider and make decisions on resource consent applications pursuant to the *Resource Management Act* 1991.

Ensure adequate compliance monitoring of resource use consents and receive decisions on enforcement actions in the event of non-compliance, pursuant to the *Resource Management Act* 1991.

Consider and make decisions on monitoring and enforcement matters associated with plant and animal pest management.

Other matters related to the above responsibilities.

Membership of Consents and Regulatory Committee

Councillor D L Lean (Chairperson) Councillor C S Williamson (Deputy Chairperson)

Councillor M J Cloke Councillor M G Davey
Councillor C L Littlewood Councillor D H McIntyre

Councillor E D Van Der Leden Councillor D N MacLeod (ex officio)

Councillor M P Joyce (ex officio)

Representative Members

Ms E Bailey Mr M Ritai

Mr K Holswich

Health and Safety Message

Emergency Procedure

In the event of an emergency, please exit through the emergency door in the committee room by the kitchen.

If you require assistance to exit please see a staff member.

Once you reach the bottom of the stairs make your way to the assembly point at the birdcage. Staff will guide you to an alternative route if necessary.

Earthquake

If there is an earthquake - drop, cover and hold where possible.

Please remain where you are until further instruction is given.



Whakataka te hau

Karakia to open and close meetings

Whakataka te hau ki te uru Whakataka te hau ki tonga Kia mākinakina ki uta Kia mātaratara ki tai Kia hī ake ana te atakura He tio, he huka, he hauhu Tūturu o whiti whakamaua kia tina.

Tina! Hui ē! Tāiki ē! Cease the winds from the west
Cease the winds from the south
Let the breeze blow over the land
Let the breeze blow over the ocean

Let the red-tipped dawn come with a sharpened air

A touch of frost, a promise of glorious day

Let there be certainty

Secure it!

Draw together! Affirm!



Date 1 September 2020

Subject: Confirmation of Minutes - 21 July 2020

Approved by: G K Bedford, Director - Environment Quality

M J Nield, Acting Chief Executive

Document: 2572789

Resolves

That the Consents and Regulatory Committee of the Taranaki Regional Council:

- a) takes and read and confirms the minutes of the Consents and Regulatory Committee meeting of the Taranaki Regional Council held in the Taranaki Regional Council chambers, 47 Cloten Road, Stratford, on Tuesday 21 July 2020 at 9.30am
- b) <u>notes</u> the recommendations therein were adopted by the Taranaki Regional Council on Tuesday 11 August 2020.

Matters arising

Appendices/Attachments

Document 2543345: Minutes Consents and Regulatory Committee Meeting - 21 July 2020



Date 21 July 2020, 9.30am

Taranaki Regional Council chambers, 47 Cloten Road, Stratford Venue:

2543345 **Document:**

Members Councillors D L Lean Committee Chairperson

M J Cloke M G Davey C L Littlewood

D H McIntyre arrived 9.40am

E D Van Der Leden

M P Joyce ex officio D N MacLeod ex officio

Representative Ms E Bailey via zoom

Members M Ritai Messrs

Ms

Mr

K Holswich

M J Nield Acting Chief Executive Attending Messrs

G K Bedford Director - Environment Quality A D McLay Director - Resource Management

C McLellan Consents Manager B Pope Compliance Manager K Holland Communications Adviser Miss L Davidson Committee Administrator P Moeahu

And two members of the public.

Opening Karakia The meeting opened with a group karakia.

An apology was received from Councillor CS Williamson and an **Apologies**

apology for lateness was received from Councillor D H McIntyre.

Davey/MacLeod

Notification of **Late Items**

There were no late items.

1. Confirmation of Minutes - Tuesday 9 June 2020

Resolved

That the Consents and Regulatory Committee of the Taranaki Regional Council:

- a) <u>takes as read</u> and <u>confirms</u> the minutes of the Consents and Regulatory Committee meeting of the Taranaki Regional Council held in the Taranaki Regional Council chambers, 47 Cloten Road, Stratford on Tuesday 9 June 2020 at 9.30am
- b) <u>notes</u> the recommendations therein were adopted by the Taranaki Regional Council on Tuesday 30 June 2020.

Cloke/Littlewood

Matters arising

It was noted that it had been requested that online meetings be looked at if a situation like COVID-19 happened again.

2. Incident, Compliance Monitoring Non-compliances and Enforcement Summary – 22 May 2020 to 30 June 2020

2.1 Mr B Pope, Compliance Manager, spoke to the memorandum allowing members to consider and receive the summary of the incidents, compliance monitoring non-compliances and enforcement for the period 22 May 2020 to 30 June 2020.

Councillor D McIntyre arrived at 9.40am

- 2.2 It was noted that there have been a few people informing Councillors they have made a complaint but nothing has been done and they have not heard back from anyone. It was clarified that if the complaint is left anonymously then officers cannot contact the person back.
- 2.3 The dumping of tyres was passed on to the District Councils as this falls under illegal dumping (littering).
- 2.4 Councillors D N MacLeod and C L Littlewood declared an interest in relation to Port Taranaki.
- 2.5 It was clarified that upon re-inspection following the Cooks Honda incident the sink in question was no longer being used and had been disconnected.
- 2.6 Timeframes for review/re-inspection of culverts vary as the consent holder is given a reasonable timeframe to correct the issue.

Recommends

That the Taranaki Regional Council:

- a) <u>receives</u> the memorandum incident, compliance monitoring non-compliances and enforcement for the period 22 May 2020 to 30 June 2020
- b) <u>receives</u> the summary of incidents, compliance monitoring non-compliances and enforcement for the period from 22 May 2020 to 30 June 2020, <u>notes</u> the action

taken by staff acting under delegated authority and <u>adopts</u> the recommendations therein.

Holswich/Littlewood

3. Resource Consents Issued Under Delegated Authority and Applications in Progress

- 3.1 Mr C McLellan, Consents Manager, spoke to the memorandum advising members of consents granted, consents under application and consent processing actions since the last meeting.
- 3.2 Dow AgroSciences have changed their name to Corteva but their consents do not reflect that. It was clarified that the legal entity is still Dow AgroSciences so there is no issue.
- 3.3 It was clarified that the process for a renewal of a consent is no different to a new consent application it is just easier as the environmental effects are more known.
- 3.4 Letters have been sent to Consent holders with renewals coming up in 2021 to encourage them to start engaging with iwi now.
- 3.5 It was noted that the way the outcomes of consultation with iwi is recorded has been in place for a few years now and it was suggested that it could be time to review that process to ensure more meaningful information.
- 3.6 Councillor M Joyce declared an interest in two discharge permit R2/1512-3.1 & R21512-4.0.

Recommends

That the Taranaki Regional Council:

a) <u>receives</u> the schedule of resource consents granted and other consent processing actions made under delegated authority.

Cloke/Joyce

4. Consent Monitoring Annual Reports

4.1 Mr G K Bedford, Director – Environment Quality, spoke to the memorandum advising members of one tailored compliance monitoring report.

Recommends

That the Taranaki Regional Council:

 a) <u>receives</u> the 20-04 Central Greenwaste and Firewood Monitoring Programme Biennial Report 2018-2020 and <u>adopts</u> the specific recommendations therein. Lean/Holswich

5. Monitoring Nitrogen Oxide Concentrations in Taranaki 2019-2020

5.1 Mr G K Bedford, Director – Environment Quality, spoke to the memorandum providing Members with a report on monitoring data from a survey tracking the concentration of nitrogen oxides in the air predominantly at compliance monitoring

sites across Taranaki. The programme is one of the suite of programmes monitoring air quality in the region.

Recommends

That the Taranaki Regional Council:

- a) <u>receives</u> the memorandum *Monitoring Nitrogen Oxide Concentrations in Taranaki* 2019-2020
- b) <u>notes</u> compliance with consent conditions across all sites
- c) <u>notes</u> that results will also be presented within individual annual compliance monitoring reports that will come to this Committee in due course.
 Cloke/Davey

5. Public Excluded

In accordance with section 48(1) of the *Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987*, <u>resolves</u> that the public is excluded from the following part of the proceedings of the Consents and Regulatory Committee Meeting on Tuesday 21 July 2020 for the following reason/s:

Item 7 - Prosecution

That the public conduct of the whole or relevant part of the proceedings would be likely to prejudice the maintenance of the law, including the prevention, investigation, and detection of offences, and the right to a fair trial.

Lean/McIntyre

There being no further business the Committee Chairman, Councillor D L Lean, declared the public meeting of the Consents and Regulatory Committee closed at 10.24am.

	Confirmed	
Consents and Regulatory		
Committee Chairperson:		
	D L Lean	
	1 September 2020	



Date: 1 September 2020

Subject: Resource consents issued under delegated

authority and applications in progress

Approved by: A D McLay, Director - Resource Management

M J Nield, Acting Chief Executive

Document: 2570773

Purpose

 The purpose of this memorandum is to advise the Council of consents granted, consents under application and of consent processing actions since the last meeting. This information is summarised in attachments at the end of this report.

Executive summary

2. Memorandum to advise the Council of recent consenting actions made under regional plans and the Resource Management Act 1991, in accordance with Council procedures and delegations.

Recommendation

That the Taranaki Regional Council:

 a) <u>receives</u> the schedule of resource consents granted and other consent processing actions, made under delegated authority

Background

3. The attachments show resource consent applications, certificates of compliance and deemed permitted activities that have been investigated and decisions made by officers of the Taranaki Regional Council. They are activities having less than minor adverse effects on the environment, or having minor effects where affected parties have agreed to the activity. In accordance with sections 87BB, 104 to 108 and 139 of the Resource Management Act 1991, and pursuant to delegated authority to make these decisions, the Chief Executive or the Director – Resource Management has allowed the consents, certificates of compliance and deemed permitted activities.

- 4. The exercise of delegations under the Resource Management Act 1991 is reported for Members' information. Under the delegations manual, consent processing actions are to be reported to the Consents and Regulatory Committee.
- 5. In addition to the details of the activity consented, the information provided identifies the Iwi whose rohe (area of interest) the activity is in. If the activity is in an area of overlapping rohe both Iwi are shown. If the activity is within, adjacent to, or directly affecting a statutory acknowledgement (area of special interest), arising from a Treaty settlement process with the Crown, that is also noted.
- 6. Also shown, at the request of Iwi members of the Council, is a summary of the engagement with Iwi and Hapū, undertaken by the applicant and the Council during the application process. Other engagement with third parties to the consent process is also shown. The summary shows the highest level of involvement that occurred with each party. For example, a party may have been consulted by the applicant, provided with a copy of the application by the Council, served notice as an affected party, lodged a submission and ultimately agreed with the consent conditions. In that case the summary would show only 'agreed with consent conditions', otherwise reporting becomes very complicated.
- 7. The attachment titled 'Consent Processing Information' includes the figure 'Consent Applications in Progress' which shows the total number of applications in the consent processing system over the last twelve months. The number of applications for the renewal of resource consents is also shown. The difference between the two is the number of new applications, including applications for a change of consent conditions. New applications take priority over renewal applications. Renewal applications are generally put on hold, with the agreement of the applicant, and processed when staff resources allow. A consent holder can continue to operate under a consent that is subject to renewal. The above approach is pragmatic and ensures there are no regulatory impediments to new activities requiring authorisation.
- 8. The attachment also includes:
 - Applications in progress table the number of applications in progress at the end of
 each month (broken down into total applications and the number of renewals in
 progress) for this year and the previous two years.
 - Potential hearings table outlining the status of applications where a hearing is anticipated and the decision maker(s) (e.g. a hearing panel) has been appointed.
 - Consents issued table the number of consents issued at the end of each month for this year and the previous two years.
 - Breakdown of consents issued. This is the number of consents issued broken down by purpose new, renewals, changes or review.
 - Types of consents issued, further broken down into notification types nonnotified, limited notified or public notified.
 - Number of times that the public and iwi were involved in an application process for the year so far.
 - Application processing time extensions compared to the previous years.
 - Consent type process shows the notification type including applications submitted on and the pre-hearing resolution numbers.
 - Applications that have been returned because they are incomplete.

Decision-making considerations

9. Part 6 (Planning, decision-making and accountability) of the *Local Government Act* 2002 has been considered and documented in the preparation of this agenda item. The recommendations made in this item comply with the decision-making obligations of the *Act*.

Financial considerations—LTP/Annual Plan

10. This memorandum and the associated recommendations are consistent with the Council's adopted Long-Term Plan and estimates. Any financial information included in this memorandum has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice.

Policy considerations

11. This memorandum and the associated recommendations are consistent with the policy documents and positions adopted by this Council under various legislative frameworks including, but not restricted to, the *Local Government Act* 2002, the *Resource Management Act* 1991 and the *Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act* 1987.

lwi considerations

12. This memorandum and the associated recommendations are consistent with the Council's policy for the development of Māori capacity to contribute to decision-making processes (schedule 10 of the *Local Government Act* 2002) as outlined in the adopted long-term plan and/or annual plan. Similarly, iwi involvement in adopted work programmes has been recognised in the preparation of this memorandum.

Legal considerations

13. This memorandum and the associated recommendations comply with the appropriate statutory requirements imposed upon the Council.

Appendices/Attachments

Document 2570685: List of non-notified consents

Document 2570723: Schedule of non-notified consents

Document 2570607: Consents processing charts for Agenda

Coastal Permi		Out to me	In decates Dalarana	In december 0 demo	D	D	A -41-16 - Down
Consent	Holder	Subtype	Industry Primary	Industry Secondary	Purpose Primary	Purpose Secondary	Activity Purpose
R2/1020-4.1	Z Energy Limited	Discharge (Coastal)	Energy	Storage			Review
R2/1450-3.1	Fonterra Limited	Discharge (Coastal)	Manufacturing and Processing	Dairy Processing			Change
R2/4585-2.1	New Plymouth District Council	Structure - Protection (Coastal)	Local Government		Erosion protection		Review
R2/4587-2.1	New Plymouth District Council	Structure - Protection (Coastal)	Local Government		Erosion protection		Review
R2/5102-4.1	New Plymouth District Council	Structure - Protection (Coastal)	Local Government		Seawall		Review
Discharge Per	rmit						
Consent	Holder	Subtype	Industry Primary	Industry Secondary	Purpose Primary	Purpose Secondary	Activity Purpose
R2/0245-4.0	OMV Taranaki Limited	Water - Stormwater	Energy	Production Station	Exploration and Production		Replace
R2/0246-4.0	OMV Taranaki Limited	Water - Industry	Energy	Production Station	Exploration and Production		Replace
R2/0671-4.0	Seaport Land Company Limited	Land - Industry	Manufacturing and Processing	Dairy Processing			Replace
R2/2333-4.4	Taranaki Sawmills Limited	Water - Stormwater	Manufacturing and Processing	Timber Processing			Review
R2/2436-3.0	Fernhill Farms Koru Limited	Land - Animal Waste	Agriculture	Farming - Dairy	Effluent disposal		Replace
R2/3185-3.0	Gelerosa Farms Trust	Water - Animal Waste	Agriculture	Farming - Dairy	Effluent disposal		Replace
R2/3865-4.1	Devon 662 Limited Partnership	Land/Water Industry	Storage and Distribution	Fertiliser Manufacturing			Review
R2/3913-3.1	OMV New Zealand Limited	Water - Stormwater	Storage and Distribution	Storage			Review
R2/4664-3.1	Greymouth Petroleum Acquisition Company Limited	Land/Water Industry	Energy	Energy Services			Review
R2/7269-2.0	Transpower New Zealand Limited	Air - Abrasive Blasting	Central Government	Power - Transmission	Abrasive Blasting	Infrastructure	Replace
R2/7389-1.2	Tegel Foods Limited	Water - Stormwater	Manufacturing and Processing	Meat and Byproducts			Review
R2/9547-2.0	Gibson Family Trust	Water - Stormwater	Mining Extraction (excl. hvdrocarbon)	Quarry			Replace
R2/9912-1.1	Meredith Scrap Metals Limited	Water - Stormwater	Manufacturing and Processing	Scrap Metal/Wrecker			Review
R2/10513-1.1	Ravensdown Limited	Land/Water Industry	Storage and Distribution	Fertiliser Manufacturing			Review
R2/10849-1.0	Westown Agriculture Limited	Land - Animal Waste	Agricultural Services	Farming - Dairy	Effluent disposal		New
Land Use Con	nsent						
Consent	Holder	Subtype	Industry Primary	Industry Secondary	Purpose Primary	Purpose Secondary	Activity Purpose
R2/10835-1.0	Summerset Villages (Bell Block) Limited	Bore Install	General Services		Irrigation - Pasture		New
R2/10850-1.0	Ngati Pourua Marae Trust	River control	General Services		Flood Control		New
R2/10852-1.0	Waka Kotahi NZ Transport Agency	Structure - Culvert	Central Government	Transport	Roading		New

#2570685-v1

<u>R2/9547-2.0</u> Commencement Date: 10 Jul 2020

Gibson Family Trust Expiry Date: 01 Jun 2037

Activity Class: Discretionary

Location: 707 Puniho Road, Okato **Application Purpose:** Replace

To discharge stormwater from a quarry site into an unnamed tributary of the

Matanehunehu Stream

Rohe:

Rohe:

Taranaki (Statutory Acknowledgement)

Engagement or consultation:

Te Kahui o Taranaki Trust Provided with application
Vincent Thomas & Barbara Kalin Written approval provided

R2/10835-1.0 Commencement Date: 22 Jul 2020

Summerset Villages (Bell Block) Limited Expiry Date:

PO Box 5187, Wellington 6140 **Review Dates:** Jun 2026 and 6-yearly

thereafter

Activity Class: Discretionary **Location:** 56 Pohutukawa Place, Bell Block **Application Purpose:** New

To drill and construct a bore

Te Atiawa (Statutory Acknowledgement)

Engagement or consultation:

Te Kotahitanga o Te Atiawa Trust Comment on application received

Application incomplete

Te Kotahitanga o Te Atiawa Trust Consulted by applicant

<u>R2/1450-3.1</u> Commencement Date: 23 Jul 2020

Fonterra Limited Expiry Date: 01 Jun 2052

PO Box 444, Hawera 4640 Review Dates: Jun 2021 and at 5-yearly

intervals thereafter

Activity Class: Discretionary

Location: Tasman Sea, Rifle Range Road, Application Purpose: Change

Hawera

To discharge all wastewater from dairy factory processes and associated processes undertaken at the Whareroa dairy processing site through a marine outfall into the Tasman Sea

Change of consent conditions to allow for a modified design of the DAF (dissolved air floatation) unit

Rohe:

Ngati Ruanui (Statutory Acknowledgement)

Engagement or consultation:

Te Korowai O Ngaruahine Trust Written approval provided
Te Korowai O Ngaruahine Trust Consulted by applicant
Te Runanga O Ngāti Ruanui Trust Written approval provided
Te Runanga O Ngāti Ruanui Trust Consulted by applicant

R2/0245-4.0 Commencement Date: 24 Jul 2020

OMV Taranaki Limited Expiry Date: 01 Jun 2036

Private Bag 2035, New Plymouth 4340 **Review Dates:** Jun 2024, Jun 2030

Activity Class: Discretionary

Location: Maui Production Station, Tai Road, Application Purpose: Replace

Oaonui

To discharge treated stormwater from the Maui Production Station into the Ngapirau Stream

Rohe:

Taranaki (Statutory Acknowledgement)

Engagement or consultation:

Te Kahui o Taranaki Trust Provided with application
Te Kahui o Taranaki Trust Consulted by applicant

<u>R2/0246-4.0</u> Commencement Date: 24 Jul 2020

OMV Taranaki Limited Expiry Date: 01 Jun 2036

Private Bag 2035, New Plymouth 4340 **Review Dates:** Jun 2024, Jun 2030

Activity Class: Discretionary

Location: Maui Production Station, Tai Road, Application Purpose: Replace

Oaonui

To discharge treated domestic effluent from the oxidation ponds at the Maui Production

Station into the Ngapirau Stream

Rohe:

Taranaki (Statutory Acknowledgement)

Engagement or consultation:

Te Kahui o Taranaki Trust Provided with application
Te Kahui o Taranaki Trust Consulted by applicant

<u>R2/10849-1.0</u> Commencement Date: 27 Jul 2020

Westown Agriculture Limited Expiry Date: 01 Jun 2029

180 Cowling Road, RD 1, New Plymouth 4371 Review Dates: Jun 2022, Jun 2025, Jun 2028

Activity Class: Discretionary

Location: Various locations throughout the **Application Purpose:** New

Taranaki region

To discharge the contents of dairy effluent treatment ponds, dairy effluent storage ponds, and solids from herd homes to land throughout the Taranaki region

Rohe:

Ngaa Rauru Kiitahi (Statutory Acknowledgement)

Ngaruahine (Statutory Acknowledgement)

Ngati Maru

Ngati Mutunga (Statutory Acknowledgement)

Ngati Ruanui (Statutory Acknowledgement)

Ngati Tama (Statutory Acknowledgement)

Taranaki (Statutory Acknowledgement)

Te Atiawa (Statutory Acknowledgement)

Engagement or consultation:

Te Kaahui o Rauru - Legal Entity of Ngaa

Rauru Kiitahi

Te Kahui o Taranaki Trust Provided with application

Te Korowai O Ngaruahine Trust Comment on application received

Do not oppose, subject to conditions

Te Kotahitanga o Te Atiawa Trust

Te Runanga o Ngati Mutunga

Te Runanga O Ngāti Ruanui Trust

Te Runanga O Ngati Tama

Provided with application

<u>R2/10850-1.0</u> Commencement Date: 29 Jul 2020

Ngati Pourua Marae Trust Expiry Date: 01 Jun 2052

C/- Scott Wirihana, 105 Argyle Street, Hawera Review Dates: Jun 2028 and 6-yearly

4610 thereafter

Activity Class: Discretionary

Location: 3012 Waitotara Valley Road, Application Purpose: New

Ngamatapouri

To divert floodwaters by construction of a stopbank adjacent to the Waitotara River

Rohe:

Ngaa Rauru Kiitahi (Statutory Acknowledgement)

Engagement or consultation:

Te Kaahui o Rauru - Legal Entity of Ngaa Provided with application

Rauru Kiitahi

R2/10852-1.0 Commencement Date: 29 Jul 2020

Waka Kotahi NZ Transport Agency Expiry Date: 01 Jun 2022

Private Bag 11777, Manawatu Mail Centre, Review Dates:

Palmerston North 4442 Activity Class: Controlled

Location: Road reserve, East Road, SH43, Toko Application Purpose: New

To remove a culvert in the Manawawiri Stream, including associated disturbance of the

stream bed

Rohe:

Ngati Maru

Ngati Ruanui

<u>R2/7269-2.0</u> Commencement Date: 30 Jul 2020

Transpower New Zealand Limited Expiry Date: 01 Jun 2038

PO Box 1021, Wellington 6140 **Review Dates:** Jun 2023 and 3-yearly

thereafter

Activity Class: Restricted discretionary

Location: Various locations throughout the **Application Purpose:** Replace

Taranaki region

To discharge emissions to air and onto and into land and water from abrasive blasting of transmission tower foundations throughout the Taranaki Region, excluding within the coastal marine area

Rohe:

Ngaa Rauru Kiitahi (Statutory Acknowledgement)

Ngaruahine (Statutory Acknowledgement)

Ngati Maru

Ngati Mutunga (Statutory Acknowledgement)

Ngati Ruanui (Statutory Acknowledgement)

Ngati Tama (Statutory Acknowledgement)

Taranaki (Statutory Acknowledgement)

Te Atiawa (Statutory Acknowledgement)

Engagement or consultation:

Te Kaahui o Rauru

Te Kahui o Taranaki Trust

Te Korowai O Ngaruahine Trust

Te Kotahitanga o Te Atiawa Trust

Te Runanga o Ngati Mutunga

Te Runanga O Ngāti Ruanui Trust

Provided with application

Provided with application

Comment on application received

Do not oppose, subject to conditions

Provided with application

Provided with application

Comment on application received

Do not oppose, subject to conditions

Provided with application

Te Runanga O Ngati Tama

<u>R2/3185-3.0</u> Commencement Date: 05 Aug 2020

Gelerosa Farms Trust Expiry Date: 01 Dec 2045

32 Suffolk Road, RD 7, Inglewood 4386 **Review Dates:** Jun 2027 and 6-yearly

thereafter

Activity Class: Controlled

Location: 32 Suffolk Road North, Norfolk **Application Purpose:** Replace

To discharge farm dairy effluent onto land, and until 1 December 2020 after treatment in an

oxidation pond system, into the Maketawa Stream

Rohe:

Te Atiawa (Statutory Acknowledgement)

Engagement or consultation:

Te Kotahitanga o Te Atiawa Trust Provided with application

<u>R2/4585-2.1</u> Commencement Date: 05 Aug 2020

New Plymouth District Council Expiry Date: 01 Jun 2026
Private Bag 2025, New Plymouth 4342
Review Dates: Jun 2020
Activity Class: Discretionary

Location: Waiwhakaiho River mouth, New Application Purpose: Review

Plymouth

To erect, place and maintain a rock groyne structure, and to occupy the associated coastal space, at the Waiwhakaiho River mouth within the coastal marine area

Review of conditions to include monitoring requirements

Rohe:

<u>R2/5102-4.1</u> **Commencement Date:** 05 Aug 2020

New Plymouth District Council Expiry Date: 01 Jun 2026
Private Bag 2025, New Plymouth 4342
Review Dates: Jun 2020
Activity Class: Discretionary

Location: Wanaka Terrace / Mangati Road / **Application Purpose:** Review

Tiromoana Crescent, Bell Block

To erect, place and maintain a boulder rock revetment seawall of approximately 740 metres in length, and to occupy the associated coastal space, at Bell Block for coastal erosion protection purposes

Review of conditions to include monitoring requirements

Rohe:

Te Atiawa

<u>R2/4587-2.1</u> Commencement Date: 05 Aug 2020

New Plymouth District Council Expiry Date: 01 Jun 2026
Private Bag 2025, New Plymouth 4342
Review Dates: Jun 2020
Activity Class: Discretionary

Location: True left bank of the Te Henui **Application Purpose:** Review

Stream mouth, New Plymouth

To erect, place and maintain a rock groyne structure, and to occupy the associated coastal space, at the Te Henui Stream mouth within the coastal marine area

Review of conditions to include monitoring requirements

Rohe:

<u>R2/0671-4.0</u> Commencement Date: 05 Aug 2020

Seaport Land Company Limited Expiry Date: 01 Jun 2030 PO Box 883, New Plymouth 4340 Review Dates: Jun 2026

Activity Class: Discretionary

Location: 20 Hakirau Street, Moturoa **Application Purpose:** Replace

To discharge cooling water and groundwater seepage from an onsite reservoir into the New Plymouth District Council reticulated stormwater network that discharges to Ngamotu Beach

Rohe:

Te Atiawa (Statutory Acknowledgement)

Engagement or consultation:

Te Kotahitanga o Te Atiawa Trust

Comment on application received

 Inconsistent with Iwi Environmental Managment Plan

• *Application lacks sufficient detail*

<u>R2/1020-4.1</u> Commencement Date: 06 Aug 2020

Z Energy Limited Expiry Date: 01 Jun 2032
PO Box 2091, Wellington 6140 Review Dates: Jun 2026

Activity Class: Discretionary

Location: 8-22 Ngamotu Road, New Plymouth Application Purpose: Review

To discharge stormwater and treated wastewater from a petroleum storage facility into the Coastal Marine Area of Ngamotu Beach

Review of conditions to update requirements for site sampling access

Rohe:

<u>R2/2333-4.4</u> Commencement Date: 06 Aug 2020

Taranaki Sawmills Limited Expiry Date: 01 Jun 2032 PO Box 7145, Fitzroy, New Plymouth 4341 Review Dates: Jun 2026

Activity Class: Discretionary

Location: 32 Hudson Road, Bell Block **Application Purpose:** Review

To discharge stormwater from a sawmill site into the Waitaha Stream

Review of conditions to update requirements for site sampling access

Rohe:

Te Atiawa

<u>R2/3865-4.1</u> Commencement Date: 06 Aug 2020

Devon 662 Limited Partnership Expiry Date: 01 Jun 2026

PO Box 11057, Palm Beach, Papamoa 3151 Review Dates: Jun 2021, Jun 2022,

Jun 2023, Jun 2024, Jun 2025 Activity Class: Discretionary

Location: Corner of Devon Road & Smart Application Purpose: Review

Road, Glen Avon

To discharge stormwater from a fertiliser storage depot onto and into land and into the Mangaone Stream and into the Waiwhakaiho River

Review of conditions to update requirements for site sampling access

Rohe:

<u>R2/3913-3.1</u> Commencement Date: 06 Aug 2020

OMV New Zealand Limited Expiry Date: 01 Jun 2032 PO Box 8311, New Plymouth 4310 Review Dates: Jun 2026

Activity Class: Discretionary

Location: 29 Paraite Road, Bell Block **Application Purpose:** Review

To discharge stormwater from an industrial site into an unnamed tributary of the Mangati

Stream

Review of conditions to update requirements for site sampling access

Rohe:

Te Atiawa

R2/4664-3.1 Commencement Date: 06 Aug 2020

Greymouth Petroleum Acquisition Company Expiry Date: 01 Jun 2026

Limited

PO Box 3394, New Plymouth 4341 Review Dates:

Activity Class: Discretionary

Location: 15 De Havilland Drive, Bell Block **Application Purpose:** Review

To discharge treated stormwater from a pipeyard used for the cleaning and storage of casing and drilling equipment, and the storage of hazardous substances, onto and into land in circumstances where it may enter the Mangati Stream

Review of conditions to update requirements for site sampling access

Rohe:

<u>R2/7389-1.2</u> Commencement Date: 06 Aug 2020

Tegel Foods Limited - Poultry Processing Plant Expiry Date: 01 Jun 2026

Private Bag 2015, New Plymouth 4340 **Review Dates:**

Activity Class: Discretionary

Location: 91-95 Paraite Road, Bell Block **Application Purpose:** Review

To discharge stormwater from a poultry processing plant via a wetland into the Mangati

Stream

Review of conditions to update requirements for site sampling access

Rohe:

Te Atiawa

R2/9912-1.1 Commencement Date: 06 Aug 2020

Meredith Scrap Metals Limited Expiry Date: 01 Jun 2032
312 Corbett Road, RD 3, New Plymouth 4373 Review Dates: Jun 2026
Activity Class: Discretionary

Location: De Havilland Drive, Bell Block **Application Purpose:** Review

To discharge stormwater from scrap metal storage and processing into the Waitaha Stream and into an unnamed tributary of the Mangaoraka Stream via the New Plymouth District Council reticulated stormwater system

Review of conditions to update requirements for site sampling access

Rohe:

<u>R2/10513-1.1</u> Commencement Date: 06 Aug 2020

Ravensdown Limited Expiry Date: 01 Jun 2032

PO Box 16921, Hornby, Christchurch 8441 Review Dates: Jun 2026

Activity Class: Discretionary

Location: Katere Road, Avon, New Plymouth Application Purpose: Review

To discharge stormwater from a fertiliser storage site onto and into land and into the

Mangaone Stream

Rohe:

Te Atiawa

<u>R2/2436-3.0</u> Commencement Date: 18 Aug 2020

Fernhill Farms Koru Limited Expiry Date: 01 Dec 2044

C/- Gary & Angela Green, 350 Plymouth Review Dates: Jun 2026, Jun 2032, Jun 2038

Road, RD 4, New Plymouth 4374 Activity Class: Controlled

Location: 350 Plymouth Road, Koru **Application Purpose:** Replace

Rohe:

Taranaki (Statutory Acknowledgement)

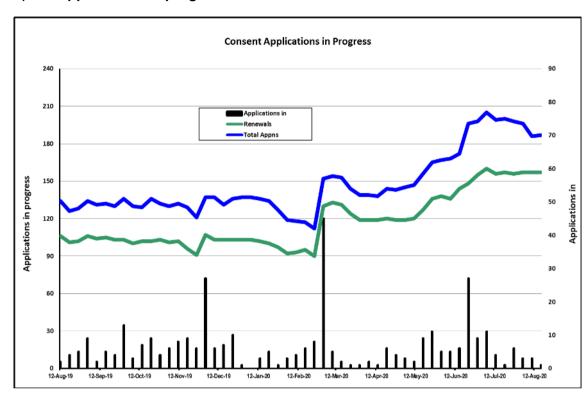
To discharge farm dairy effluent onto land

Engagement or consultation:

Te Kahui o Taranaki Trust Provided with application

Consent Processing Information

1) Applications in progress



2) Month Ending

	Ju	ıly	Au	ıg	Se	pt	0	ct	No	ov	De	c	Ja	n	Fe	b	Ma	ar	Ą	or	Ма	ıy	Ju	ın
	Total	R																						
2020/2021	196	157	187	157																				
2019/2020	136	107	126	101	136	103	129	101	130	101	136	103	135	100	152	130	139	119	142	119	165	136	205	160
2018/2019	144	53	124	44	127	43	143	43	142	45	91	58	94	61	98	73	107	70	105	69	105	67	129	92

R = Renewals

Note: August part month

3) Potential Hearings

Applicant	Description	Notification date	Status	Date Issued
Nil				

Doc# 2570607-v1

4) Consents Issued (running totals)

	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June
2020-2021	20											
2019-2020	26	51	72	102	148	162	188	218	239	245	248	263
2018-2019	32	55	66	84	109	186	195	211	225	242	265	286

5) Breakdown of consents issued

	New	Renewal	Change	Review	Totals
2020-2021 to end July	5	10	5	0	20
2019-2020 Total	81	138	44	0	263
2018-2019 Total	148	93	45	0	286

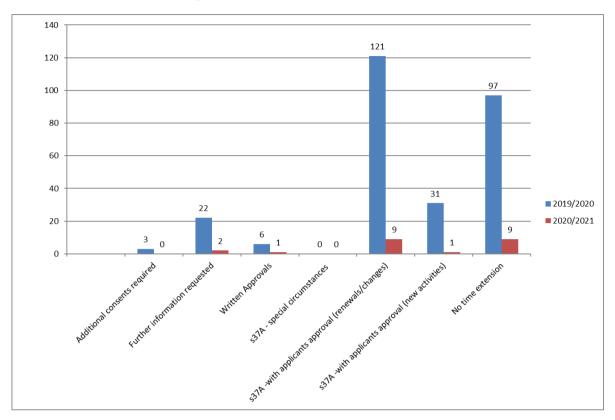
6) Types of consents issued - year to date comparison

	Agricultural	Centra/Local Government	Energy	Forestry	Other	Tot public notif	ally	Agricultural	Centra/Local Government	Energy	Forestry	Other	Total Li Notif		Agricultural	Centra/Local Government	Energy	Forestry	Other	Total No notifie	-	Grand Total
		Public	ally No	tified		%				Limited	I		%			Noi	n Notif	ied		%		
July 2018 to June 2019	0	57	0	0	0	19.9%	57	6	2	0	0	1	3.1%	9	103	32	41	10	34	76.9%	220	286
July 2019 to June 2020	0	1	0	0	0	0.4%	1	1	4	0	0	2	2.7%	7	147	30	28	8	42	97.0%	255	263
July 2020 to June 2021	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%	0	4	3	8	0	5	100.0%	20	20

7) Involvement with third parties for applications granted year to date

	Consultation/ Involved (number of	Number of Affected Party Approvals	
	parties)	(written)	Totals
District Councils			0
DOC			0
Environmental/Recreational Groups			0
Fish & Game			0
Individuals/Neighbours/Landowners	0	1	1
Network Utilities			0
Non Govt Organisations			0
Other Govt Departments			0
lwi/hapu	32	2	34
Totals - July 2019 - 30 June 2020	32	3	35

8) Application processing time extensions used 2019-2020 versus 2020-2021



9) Consent type process

	Last 10 year average 2009 - 2018	July 2019 to June 2020	July 2020
Total consents granted	371	263	20
Publically Notified	9	1	0
Limited-notified	12	7	0
Non-notified	352	255	20
Applications submitted on (in opposition and to be heard)	14	5	0
Application Pre-hearing resolution (%)	8 82%	5 100%	0 0%
Hearings (no. of applications)	1 (6)	0 (0)	0 (0)
Appeals (no. of applications)	1 (6)	0 (0)	0 (0)
Total current consents	4708	4622	4627

10) Applications returned incomplete under Section 88

For the 2020-2021 year, 1 application has been returned incomplete under S88 of the RMA for insufficient information.

11) Deemed Permitted Activities issued

Date Issued	DPA No	Holder	Activity	Plan	Rule
06/07/2020	6484-2.0	Bridge Petroleum Ltd	To erect, place and maintain a culvert in an unnamed tributary of the	RFWP	52
			Waiongana Stream for access purposes		



Date 1 September 2020

Subject: Appointment of Hearing Committee -

Remediation NZ Uruti composting facility

consents

Approved by: A D McLay, Director - Resource Management

M J Nield, Acting Chief Executive

Document: 2557836

Purpose

- 1. The purpose of this memorandum is to delegate to a Hearing Committee the authority to determine applications by Remediation (NZ) Limited (consents 05838-3.0 & 05839-3.0) to:
 - discharge waste material to land for composting, and treated stormwater and leachate from composting operations onto land and into an unnamed tributary of the Haehanga Stream; and
 - discharge emissions into the air, namely odour and dust, from composting operations.

Recommendations

That the Taranaki Regional Council:

- a) <u>receives</u> this memorandum
- b) subject to a hearing being necessary, in accordance with section 34A(1) of the Resource Management Act <u>appoints</u> Cr M Joyce and Cr N Walker as hearing commissioners, and <u>delegates</u> them the power to hear and determine the applications lodged by Remediation (NZ) Limited (consents 05838-3.0 & 05839-3.0).
- c) subject to a hearing being necessary, also <u>appoints</u> an accredited hearing commissioner, with cultural expertise, to the panel, under the same terms as (b) above; who will be appointed by the Acting Chief Executive.

Background

2. Remediation (NZ) Limited ('the applicant') lodged applications on 30 November 2017 to renew their existing consents associated with the operation of their vermicast (worm casting) and compost production business.

- 3. The applications were publicly notified on 12 January 2019, and a total of 22 submissions were received (10 in support and 12 in opposition). Those in support are suppliers of material to be composted, and those in opposition are neighbours, Ngati Mutanga, Climate Justice Taranaki, Taranaki Energy Watch and Mr U Signer.
- 4. Only accredited hearing commissioners can hear the applications and any submissions under the Resource Management Act 1991. The Council has only two accredited hearing commissioners- M Joyce (Chair) and N Walker.
- 5. Concerns have been raised by submitters (in opposition) regarding the management of the site. Particular concerns include the receipt of drilling waste products onsite, the occurrence of offsite odours from its operations, site management, potential adverse health effects, and the sustainability of the operation.

Discussion

- 6. The applications have taken some time to progress because of further information requests. Recent amendments to the applications note that drilling waste will not be received at the site after 2020, as a contract has been cancelled by the applicant.
- 7. A site inspection by submitters has been organised. If agreement on consent conditions cannot be achieved through the pre-hearing process, a hearing will be necessary.
- 8. The Council is required to decide who should be delegated the authority to determine the application and who should hear the application and any unresolved submissions.
- 9. A hearing is likely after the election and before Christmas. Provision for an independent accredited commissioner with cultural expertise has been made, given some of the submissions that have been received. Mr R Faulkner, who successfully assisted the Council in the Regional Coastal Plan hearing, may be available.

Decision-making considerations

10. Part 6 (Planning, decision-making and accountability) of the *Local Government Act* 2002 has been considered and documented in the preparation of this agenda item. The recommendations made in this item comply with the decision-making obligations of the *Act*.

Financial considerations—LTP/Annual Plan

11. This memorandum and the associated recommendations are consistent with the Council's adopted Long-Term Plan and estimates. Any financial information included in this memorandum has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice.

Policy considerations

12. This memorandum and the associated recommendations are consistent with the policy documents and positions adopted by this Council under various legislative frameworks including, but not restricted to, the *Local Government Act* 2002, the *Resource Management Act* 1991 and the *Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act* 1987.

lwi considerations

- 13. This memorandum and the associated recommendations are consistent with the Council's policy for the development of Māori capacity to contribute to decision-making processes (schedule 10 of the *Local Government Act* 2002) as outlined in the adopted long-term plan and/or annual plan. Similarly, iwi involvement in adopted work programmes has been recognised in the preparation of this memorandum.
- 14. Given that submissions have been received from Ngati Mutanga and iwi members, provision has been made for there to be an independent commissioner with cultural expertise on the hearing panel.

Legal considerations

15. This memorandum and the associated recommendations comply with the appropriate statutory requirements imposed upon the Council.



Date 1 September 2020

Subject: Consents Monitoring Annual Report

Approved by: G K Bedford, Director - Environment Quality

M J Nield, Acting Chief Executive

Document: 2566014

Purpose

1. The purpose of this memorandum is to advise the Council of 14 tailored compliance monitoring reports that have been prepared since the last meeting.

Executive summary

- 2. The Council considers the regular reporting of comprehensive and well-considered compliance monitoring is vital to undergird:
 - Community standing and reputation enhancement for companies that consistently
 attain good or high levels of environmental performance. Informed feedback is
 appropriate and valuable, and assists a proactive alignment of industry's interests
 with community and Resource Management Act 1991 expectations. Reporting
 describes the effective value of investment in environmental systems;
 - A respectful and responsible regard for the Taranaki region's environment and our management of its natural resources. Reporting allows evaluation and demonstration of the overall rate of compliance by sector and by consent holders as a whole, and of trends in the improvement of our environment; and
 - The Council's accountability and transparency. Reporting gives validity to investment in monitoring and to assessments of effective intervention.
 - These Council reports have been submitted to the consent holder for comment and
 confirmation of accuracy prior to publication. All reports provide environmental
 performance and administrative compliance ratings for each consent holder in
 relation to their activities over the period being reported and provide
 recommendations for the following monitoring year.
- 3. These Council reports have been submitted to the consent holder for comment and confirmation of accuracy prior to publication. All reports provide environmental performance and administrative compliance ratings for each consent holder in relation

- to their activities over the period being reported, and provide recommendations for the following monitoring year.
- 4. There are 14 tailored compliance monitoring reports. Within the reports 10 high and 4 good environmental gradings were assigned (Table 2).
- 5. For reference, in the 2019-2020 year, consent holders were found to achieve a high level of environmental performance and compliance for 81% of the consents monitored through the Taranaki tailored monitoring programmes, while for another 17% of the consents, a good level of environmental performance and compliance was achieved.
- 6. In 2018 the Ministry for the Environment published Best Practice Guidelines for Compliance, Monitoring and Enforcement under the Resource Management Act 1991. These guidelines include the following recommendation: "It is good practice for councils to provide regular (e.g. annual) reports to the public on Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement (CME) activities. Council public reporting on CME gives assurance to the public that rules/policies are being enforced, and educates the public on how the council responds to non-compliance." (MfE, 2018). The Council has been providing annual compliance reports to consent holders and the public for over three decades.
- Recommendations pertaining to each site or programme are set out in the relevant report. The attention of Committee members is directed to the Executive Summary at the front of this report.
- 8. In the past, memoranda presenting the compliance annual reports have also included a section outlining the stakeholder and iwi engagement within the consenting assessment process for the existing consents covered by the reports. With the completion of a full annual reporting cycle, this material on existing consents will no longer be included, as the Committee have now been fully appraised of this historical information and its inclusion would simply be repetitive. Information on iwi and stakeholder engagement in new consents will be presented separately to the Committee, within the agenda report on consenting activity.

 Table 1
 Historical environmental and compliance performance ratings

Year	High	Good
2012-2013	59%	35%
2013-2014	60%	29%
2014-2015	75%	22%
2015-2016	71%	24%
2016-2017	74%	21%
2017-2018	76%	20%
2018-2019	83%	13%
2019-2020	81%	17%

 Table 2
 List of annual reports with overall environmental performance rating

Report Name	Overall environmental performance
20-6 STDC Patea Beach Green Waste Discharge Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020	High
20-13 Waiinu Beach Settlement Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020	High
20-14 Wai-iti Beach Retreat Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020	High
20-18 Todd Energy Aquatic Centre Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020	Good
20-19 Urenui and Onaero Beach Camps Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020	Good
20-31 Port Taranaki Ltd Maintenance Dredging Monitoring Programme Biennial Report 2018-2020	High
20-34 Westside Kauri-E Hydraulic Fracturing Monitoring Programme Report 2018-2019	High
20-35 Greymouth Petroleum Ltd Radnor-B Hydraulic Fracturing Monitoring Programme Report 2018-2019	High
20-36 Todd Petroleum Ltd Mangahewa-C Hydraulic Fracturing Monitoring Programme Report 2018-2019	High
20-37 Greymouth Petroleum Mining Group Ltd Kowhai-D Kowhai-5 well Hydraulic Fracturing Monitoring Programme Report 2018-2019	High
20-47 ANZCO Foods Waitara Ltd Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020	High
20-49 Taranaki Galvanizers Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020	Good
19-50 NPDC Crematorium Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020	Good
20-54 STDC Coastal Structures Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020	High

Recommendations

That the Taranaki Regional Council:

- a) <u>receives</u> the 20-6 STDC Patea Beach Green Waste Discharge Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020 and <u>adopts</u> the specific recommendations therein.
- b) <u>receives</u> the 20-13 Waiinu Beach Settlement Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020 and <u>adopts</u> the specific recommendations therein.
- c) <u>receives</u> the 20-14 Wai-iti Beach Retreat Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020 and <u>adopts</u> the specific recommendations therein.
- d) <u>receives</u> the 20-18 Todd Energy Aquatic Centre Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020 and <u>adopts</u> the specific recommendations therein.
- e) <u>receives</u> the 20-19 Urenui and Onaero Beach Camps Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020 and <u>adopts</u> the specific recommendations therein.
- f) <u>receives</u> the 20-31 Port Taranaki Ltd Maintenance Dredging Monitoring Programme Biennial Report 2018-2020 and <u>adopts</u> the specific recommendations therein.
- g) <u>receives</u> the 20-34 Westside Kauri-E Hydraulic Fracturing Monitoring Programme Report 2018-2019 and <u>adopts</u> the specific recommendations therein.
- h) <u>receives</u> the 20-35 Greymouth Petroleum Ltd Radnor-B Hydraulic Fracturing Monitoring Programme Report 2018-2019 and <u>adopts</u> the specific recommendations therein.

- i) <u>receives</u> the 20-36 Todd Petroleum Ltd Mangahewa-C Hydraulic Fracturing Monitoring Programme Report 2018-2019 and adopts the specific recommendations therein.
- j) <u>receives</u> the 20-37 Greymouth Petroleum Mining Group Ltd Kowhai-D Kowhai-5 well Hydraulic Fracturing Monitoring Programme Report 2018-2019 and <u>adopts</u> the specific recommendations therein.
- k) <u>receives</u> the 20-47 ANZCO Foods Waitara Ltd Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020 and <u>adopts</u> the specific recommendations therein.
- l) <u>receives</u> the 20-49 Taranaki Galvanizers Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020 and <u>adopts</u> the specific recommendations therein.
- m) <u>receives</u> the 19-50 NPDC Crematorium Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020 and <u>adopts</u> the specific recommendations therein.
- n) <u>receives</u> the 20-54 STDC Coastal Structures Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020 and <u>adopts</u> the specific recommendations therein.

20-6 STDC Patea Beach Green Waste Discharge Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020

- 9. South Taranaki District Council (STDC) operates a green waste disposal area located on Beach Road at Patea Beach. The site was established as a public facility that could accept green waste for sand dune stabilisation purposes. The site is consented to accept green waste from the Patea community and from STDC's kerbside and transfer station collection. This report for the period July 2019 to June 2020 describes the monitoring programme implemented by the Taranaki Regional Council (the Council) to assess STDC's environmental and consent compliance performance during the period under review. The report also details the results of the monitoring undertaken and assesses the environmental effects of STDC's activities.
- 10. STDC holds one resource consent, which includes a total of 12 conditions setting out the requirements that they must satisfy. The consent is for the purpose of discharging green waste onto land for dune stabilisation purposes.
- 11. During the monitoring period, STDC demonstrated an overall high level of environmental performance.
- 12. The Council's monitoring programme for the year under review included four compliance monitoring inspections of the site focussing on types of materials discharged, stormwater and leachate control, and emissions to air.
- 13. The monitoring during the period under review showed that the closing of the site to the general public resulted in no unacceptable material being dumped on site. There were no issues noted relating to stormwater or odour.
- 14. During the year, STDC demonstrated a high level of environmental and administrative performance with the resource consents.
- 15. For reference, in the 2019-2020 year, consent holders were found to achieve a high level of environmental performance and compliance for 81% of the consents monitored through the Taranaki tailored monitoring programmes, while for another 17% of the consents, a good level of environmental performance and compliance was achieved.
- 16. In terms of overall environmental and compliance performance by the consent holder over the last several years, this report shows that the consent holder's performance remains at a high level in the year under review.

17. This report includes recommendations for the 2020-2021 year.

20-13 Waiinu Beach Settlement Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020

- 18. The South Taranaki District Council (STDC) operates a wastewater treatment system located at the Waiinu Beach Settlement, in the Waitotara catchment. This report for the period July 2019 to June 2020 describes the monitoring programme implemented by the Taranaki Regional Council (the Council) to assess STDC's environmental and consent compliance performance during the period under review. The report also details the results of the monitoring undertaken and assesses the environmental effects of STDC's activities.
- 19. STDC holds one resource consent, which includes a total of 16 conditions setting out the requirements that STDC must satisfy. This resource consent was renewed early on 1 December 2017, as STDC was in the process of upgrading the wastewater treatment system. The upgraded system was installed and commissioned in December 2019. The consent allows them to discharge treated domestic wastewater from the Waiinu Beach Wastewater Treatment Plant to land.
- 20. During the monitoring period, STDC demonstrated an overall high level of environmental performance.
- 21. The Council's monitoring programme for the year under review included three site inspections, with associated bacteriological sampling of seawater.
- 22. The monitoring showed that the wastewater treatment system was well maintained. As in previous years, the monitoring indicated that the discharges from the wastewater treatment system had no adverse effects on coastal water quality. There were no unauthorised incidents recording non-compliance in respect of this consent holder during the period under review.
- 23. During the year, STDC demonstrated a high level of environmental and administrative performance with the resource consent.
- 24. For reference, in the 2019-2020 year, consent holders were found to achieve a high level of environmental performance and compliance for 81% of the consents monitored through the Taranaki tailored monitoring programmes, while for another 17% of the consents, a good level of environmental performance and compliance was achieved.
- 25. In terms of overall environmental and compliance performance by the consent holder over the last several years, this report shows that the consent holder's performance remains at a high level in the year under review.
- 26. This report includes recommendations for the 2020-2021 year.

20-14 Wai-iti Beach Retreat Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020

27. Wai-iti Motor Camp Ltd (the Company) operates the Wai-iti Beach Retreat (the Retreat), located in North Taranaki. The Company holds resource consents to discharge septic tank treated sewage to groundwater via soakage trenches and to erect, place and maintain a rock wall along the front of the accommodation on the Wai-iti Beach foreshore. This report for the period July 2019 to June 2020 describes the monitoring programme implemented by the Taranaki Regional Council (the Council) to assess the Company's environmental and consent compliance performance during the period

- under review. The report also details the results of the monitoring undertaken and assesses the environmental effects of the Company's activities.
- 28. The Company holds two resource consents, which include a total of 24 conditions setting out the requirements that the Company must satisfy. The Company holds one consent to allow them to discharge treated septic tank effluent to groundwater, and one consent for a boulder rip rap toe protection in the coastal marine area.
- 29. During the monitoring period, the Company demonstrated an overall high level of environmental performance.
- 30. The Council's monitoring programme for the year under review included three routine inspections of the wastewater system, one inspection of the rock wall, and routine bacteriological water sampling of the Wai-iti Stream and Wai-iti Beach on one occasion.
- 31. The monitoring showed that the Retreat was well maintained during the period under review. The wastewater treatment system at the Retreat did not adversely affect the water quality of the local freshwater and coastal environments. Although high bacteriological results were returned from one site during the routine sampling round in January 2019, these counts were attributed to surface runoff draining the upstream agricultural catchment. The results of this sampling suggested that the Retreat was not influencing the water quality of the Wai-iti Stream.
- 32. By comparison with previous years, the monitoring remains at a high level in the Company's environmental performance. There were no unauthorised incidents recording non-compliance in respect of this consent holder during the period under review.
- 33. During the year, the Company demonstrated a high level of environmental and administrative performance with the resource consents.
- 34. For reference, in the 2019-2020 year, consent holders were found to achieve a high level of environmental performance and compliance for 81% of the consents monitored through the Taranaki tailored monitoring programmes, while for another 17% of the consents, a good level of environmental performance and compliance was achieved.
- 35. In terms of overall environmental and compliance performance by the consent holder over the last several years, this report shows that the consent holder's performance is improving in the year under review.
- 36. This report includes recommendations for the 2020-2021 year.

20-18 Todd Energy Aquatic Centre Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020

- 37. The New Plymouth District Council (NPDC) operates the Todd Energy Aquatic Centre (the Aquatic Centre) located on Tisch Avenue, New Plymouth. Wastewater from backwashing the water filtration system and emptying the outdoor pools is discharged from the ocean outfall situated on the Kawaroa Reef foreshore, to the east of the facility. This report for the period July 2019 to June 2020 describes the monitoring programme implemented by the Taranaki Regional Council (the Council) to assess NPDC's environmental and consent compliance performance during the period under review. The report also details the results of the monitoring undertaken and assesses the environmental effects of NPDC's activities.
- 38. NPDC holds two resource consents relating to the Aquatic Centre, which include a total of 13 special conditions setting out the requirements that NPDC must satisfy. NPDC

holds one consent to allow them to discharge swimming pool wastewater into the Tasman Sea, and one consent to erect, place, use and maintain an ocean outfall at the site.

- 39. During the monitoring period, NPDC demonstrated an overall good level of environmental performance.
- 40. The Council's monitoring programme for the year under review included one site inspection, two marine ecological inspections, and two routine physicochemical samplings of the indoor or outdoor pool water, and receiving waters.
- 41. The monitoring showed that the indoor and outdoor pool wastewater discharges were compliant with consent conditions. Neither of the discharges appeared to have any significant effects on the ecology of the Kawaroa Reef outside of the designated mixing zone.
- 42. There was one unauthorised incident recording non-compliance in respect of this consent holder during the period under review. The non-compliance was discovered during routine monitoring of the indoor pool emptying, when a milky looking discharge was found to be coming from the marine outfall. The discharge was found to be causing a conspicuous change in colour where it entered the Tasman Sea, in contravention of the Coastal Plan for Taranaki. A chemical sample of the discharge was obtained and an ecological survey was carried out. A follow-up marine ecological inspection was also undertaken the following day. There were no chemical constituents found in the discharge sample at any concentrations of concern. Both the marine ecological survey and follow-up inspection found that the range and health of the intertidal species identified was normal for that environment. The cause of the discharge was discussed with Aquatic Centre management who advised the pool cleaning, which is usually undertaken by a contractor, was being undertaken by staff due to Covid-19 restrictions. Washwater had been washed down the drains which are usually blocked off during cleaning to prevent such a discharge. The cleaning process was changed to prevent further discharge. No further action was deemed necessary.
- 43. During the year, NPDC demonstrated a good level of environmental and high level of administrative performance with the resource consents. By comparison with previous years, the monitoring indicated a decline in NPDC's environmental performance.
- 44. For reference, in the 2019-2020 year, consent holders were found to achieve a high level of environmental performance and compliance for 81% of the consents monitored through the Taranaki tailored monitoring programmes, while for another 17% of the consents, a good level of environmental performance and compliance was achieved.
- 45. In terms of overall environmental and compliance performance by the consent holder over the last several years, this report shows that the consent holder's performance is declining.
- 46. This report includes recommendations for the 2020-2021 year.

20-19 Urenui and Onaero Beach Camps Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020

47. New Plymouth District Council (NPDC) operates the sewage disposal systems located at Urenui Beach Camp and Onaero Bay Holiday Park. NPDC holds resource consents to allow it to discharge septic tank treated sewage to groundwater via infiltration trenches at each of the beach camps. This report for the period July 2019 to June 2020 describes the monitoring programme implemented by the Taranaki Regional Council (the

- Council) to assess NPDC's environmental and consent compliance performance during the period under review. The report also details the results of the monitoring undertaken and assesses the environmental effects of the NPDC's activities.
- 48. NPDC holds one resource consent per beach camp, which each include a total of five special conditions setting out the requirements that NPDC must satisfy.
- 49. During the monitoring period, NPDC demonstrated an overall good level of environmental performance.
- 50. The Council's monitoring programme for the year under review included three inspections per beach camp. One of these inspections included routine bacteriological sampling at four sites at Urenui and five sites at Onaero.
- 51. The bacteriological monitoring showed that the wastewater treatment systems at the beach camps did not adversely affect the water quality of local freshwater and coastal environments. Although high bacteriological results were returned from a site in Urenui during water quality sampling efforts, these counts could be attributed to either a discharge from the Urenui Township on the other side of the estuary, or other localised source of contamination. Elevated bacteriological counts are uncommon at the site in question. Subsequent sampling carried out as part of the Council's State of the Environment Recreational Bathing Monitoring Programme returned bacteriological counts more typical of historical results at the site.
- 52. There were two unauthorised incidents recording non-compliance in respect of NPDC during the period under review. Abatement notices were issued following self-notification from NPDC that data from flow meters at Urenui and Onaero showed that on multiple occasions, treated septic tank sewage effluent was discharged to groundwater in excess of consented limits. The flow exceedances were directly influenced by high rainfall, increasing inflow and infiltration into the sewer networks. The abatement notices have been extended until 31 December 2020 to allow suitable remedial actions to be scoped and implemented, noting that no adverse environmental effects have been detected as a result of the non-compliances. The Council is continuing to liaise closely with NPDC regarding the situation.
- 53. During the year, NPDC demonstrated a good level of environmental performance and a high level of administrative performance with the resource consents for the Urenui Beach Camp (2046-3) and the Onaero Bay Holiday Park (1389-3). This rating was influenced by the occurrence of the unauthorised incidents during the monitoring period, noting that there has been no adverse effect on the environment due to the unauthorised incidents. As a result, NPDC's environmental performance has declined in comparison to previous years.
- 54. For reference, in the 2019-2020 year, consent holders were found to achieve a high level of environmental performance and compliance for 81% of the consents monitored through the Taranaki tailored monitoring programmes, while for another 17% of the consents, a good level of environmental performance and compliance was achieved.
- 55. In terms of overall environmental and compliance performance by the consent holder over the last several years, this report shows that the consent holder's performance has deteriorated from a high level to a good level in the year under review.
- 56. This report includes recommendations for the 2020-2021 year.

20-31 Port Taranaki Ltd Maintenance Dredging Monitoring Programme Biennial Report 2018-2020

- 57. Port Taranaki Ltd (the Company) is the commercial operator of the port located on Breakwater Road, New Plymouth. Port Taranaki is an artificially created harbour which is contained by two breakwaters enclosing 94 hectares of sheltered water. The Company undertakes regular dredging to maintain navigable channels within the port. Sand accumulates in large quantities around the tip of the main breakwater and this has to be removed on a regular basis in order to maintain the required depth in the entrance channel. Due to this accumulation of sand around the breakwater, the city beaches to the north east of the port have previously been starved of sand.
- 58. This report for the period July 2018 to June 2020 describes the monitoring programme implemented by the Taranaki Regional Council (the Council) to assess the Company's environmental and consent compliance performance relating to the dredge campaign during the period under review and the results and environmental effects of the campaign.
- 59. The Company holds three resource consents related to this report, which include a total of 28 conditions setting out the requirements that the Company must satisfy. The Company holds one consent to dredge accumulated sediments within Port Taranaki and two consents that allow them to discharge sediment into the inshore and offshore spoil disposal areas in the Tasman Sea.
- 60. During the monitoring period, the Company demonstrated an overall high level of environmental performance.
- 61. The Council's monitoring programme for the 2018-2020 period included reviewing the dredge campaign information, four intertidal sand inspections along the New Plymouth foreshore, one intertidal survey at four sites and one kaimoana survey at five sites.
- 62. The monitoring showed no adverse effects in the coastal environment attributable to the 2019 maintenance dredging campaign. For the first time since 2004, the Company did not exercise their resource consent to deposit dredge material at the inshore disposal ground, due to there being insufficient remaining capacity at the time. There is growing evidence that the rate of natural sediment transport into the harbour has increased in recent years, resulting in the Company having to remove greater volumes when dredging. There were no unauthorised incidents recording non-compliance in respect of this Company's maintenance dredging campaign during the period under review.
- 63. During the period, the Company demonstrated a high level of environmental and administrative performance with the resource consents covering their maintenance dredging activities.
- 64. For reference, in the 2018-2019 year, consent holders were found to achieve a high level of environmental performance and compliance for 83% of the consents monitored through the Taranaki tailored monitoring programmes, while for another 13% of the consents, a good level of environmental performance and compliance was achieved.
- 65. For reference, in the 2019-2020 year, consent holders were found to achieve a high level of environmental performance and compliance for 81% of the consents monitored through the Taranaki tailored monitoring programmes, while for another 17% of the consents, a good level of environmental performance and compliance was achieved.
- 66. In terms of overall environmental and compliance performance over the last several years, this report shows that the Company's performance has improved in the year under review.

67. This report includes recommendations for the 2020-2022 monitoring period.

20-34 Westside Kauri-E Hydraulic Fracturing Monitoring Programme Report 2018-2019

- 68. Westside New Zealand Ltd (Westside) operates the Kauri-E hydrocarbon exploration site located on Geary Road, Manutahi. This report outlines and discusses the results of the monitoring programme implemented by the Council in relation to hydraulic fracturing activities conducted by Westside at the wellsite over the period 29 August 2018 to 31 August 2018. The report also details the results of the monitoring undertaken and assesses the environmental effects of the Company's activities.
- 69. The programme of hydraulic fracturing undertaken by Westside at the Kauri-E wellsite included the hydraulic fracturing of one well. The well targeted for stimulation was the Kauri-E2 well.
- 70. During the monitoring period, Westside demonstrated an overall high level of environmental performance.
- 71. The programme of monitoring implemented by the Council in relation to these hydraulic fracturing activities spanned the 2017-2018 and 2018-2019 monitoring years. Monitoring included pre and post-discharge groundwater sampling. Samples of hydraulic fracturing fluids, and fluids returning to the wellhead post-fracturing, were also obtained for physicochemical analysis in order to characterise the discharges and to determine compliance with consent conditions.
- 72. This is the second monitoring report produced by the Council in relation to the hydraulic fracturing activities at the Kauri-E wellsite.
- 73. The monitoring carried out by the Council indicates that the hydraulic fracturing activities undertaken by Westside had no significant adverse effects on local groundwater resources. There were no unauthorised incidents recording non-compliance in respect of the resource consent held by Westside in relation to these activities or provisions in regional plans, during the period under review.
- 74. Westside demonstrated a high level of environmental and good level of administrative performance and compliance with the resource consents over the reporting period.
- 75. For reference, in the 2019-2020 year, consent holders were found to achieve a high level of environmental performance and compliance for 81% of the consents monitored through the Taranaki tailored monitoring programmes, while for another 17% of the consents, a good level of environmental performance and compliance was achieved.
- 76. This report includes recommendations for the future monitoring of any hydraulic fracturing activities at the Kauri-E wellsite.

20-35 Greymouth Petroleum Ltd Radnor-B Hydraulic Fracturing Monitoring Programme Report 2018-2019

77. Greymouth Petroleum Ltd (GPL) operates the Radnor-B hydrocarbon exploration site located on Radnor Road, Midhirst, in the Patea Catchment. This report outlines and discusses the results of the monitoring programme implemented by the Council in relation to hydraulic fracturing activities conducted by GPL at the wellsite over the period 27 April 2018 to 26 September 2018. The report also details the results of the monitoring undertaken and assesses the environmental effects of the Company's activities.

- 78. The programme of hydraulic fracturing undertaken by GPL at the Radnor-B wellsite included the hydraulic fracturing of one well. The well targeted for stimulation was the Radnor-2 well.
- 79. During the monitoring period, GPL demonstrated an overall high level of environmental performance.
- 80. The programme of monitoring implemented by the Council in relation to these hydraulic fracturing activities spanned the 2017-2018 and 2018-2019 monitoring years. Monitoring included pre and post-discharge groundwater sampling. One biomonitoring survey was also carried out on the Piakau Stream prior to commencement of the hydraulic fracturing programme. Samples of hydraulic fracturing fluids, and fluids returning to the wellhead post-fracturing, were also obtained for physicochemical analysis in order to characterise the discharges and to determine compliance with consent conditions.
- 81. This is the first monitoring report produced by the Council in relation to the hydraulic fracturing activities at the Radnor-B wellsite.
- 82. The monitoring carried out by the Council indicates that the hydraulic fracturing activities undertaken by GPL had no significant adverse effects on local groundwater or surface water resources. There were no unauthorised incidents recording non-compliance in respect of the resource consent held by GPL in relation to these activities or provisions in regional plans, during the period under review.
- 83. GPL demonstrated a high level of environmental and administrative performance and compliance with the resource consents over the reporting period.
- 84. For reference, in the 2018-2019 year, consent holders were found to achieve a high level of environmental performance and compliance for 83% of the consents monitored through the Taranaki tailored monitoring programmes, while for another 13% of the consents, a good level of environmental performance and compliance was achieved.
- 85. For reference, in the 2019-2020 year, consent holders were found to achieve a high level of environmental performance and compliance for 81% of the consents monitored through the Taranaki tailored monitoring programmes, while for another 17% of the consents, a good level of environmental performance and compliance was achieved.
- 86. This report includes recommendations for the future monitoring of any hydraulic fracturing activities at the Radnor-B wellsite.

20-36 Todd Petroleum Ltd Mangahewa-C Hydraulic Fracturing Monitoring Programme Report 2018-2019

- 87. Todd Energy Ltd (Todd) operates the Mangahewa-C hydrocarbon exploration site located on Tikorangi Road, Tikorangi. This report outlines and discusses the results of the monitoring programme implemented by the Council in relation to hydraulic fracturing activities conducted by Todd at the wellsite over the period 27 June 2018 to 10 July 2018. The report also details the results of the monitoring undertaken and assesses the environmental effects of the Company's activities.
- 88. The programme of hydraulic fracturing undertaken by Todd at the Mangahewa-C wellsite included the hydraulic fracturing of one well. The well targeted for stimulation was the Mangahewa-3 well.
- 89. During the monitoring period, Todd demonstrated an overall high level of environmental performance.

- 90. The programme of monitoring implemented by the Council in relation to these hydraulic fracturing activities spanned the 2017-2018 and 2018-2019 monitoring years. Monitoring included pre and post discharge groundwater sampling. Biomonitoring surveys were also carried out to assess the impact of any site discharges during the hydraulic fracturing programme on the Waiau Stream. Samples of hydraulic fracturing fluids, and fluids returning to the wellhead post fracturing, were also obtained for physicochemical analysis in order to characterise the discharges and to determine compliance with consent conditions.
- 91. This is the sixth monitoring report produced by the Council in relation to the hydraulic fracturing activities at the Mangahewa-C wellsite.
- 92. The monitoring carried out by the Council indicates that the hydraulic fracturing activities undertaken by Todd had no significant adverse effects on local groundwater or surface water resources. There were no unauthorised incidents recording non-compliance in respect of the resource consent held by Todd in relation to these activities or provisions in regional plans, during the period under review.
- 93. Todd demonstrated a high level of environmental and administrative performance and compliance with the resource consents over the reporting period.
- 94. For reference, in the 2018-2019 year, consent holders were found to achieve a high level of environmental performance and compliance for 83% of the consents monitored through the Taranaki tailored monitoring programmes, while for another 13% of the consents, a good level of environmental performance and compliance was achieved.
- 95. For reference, in the 2019-2020 year, consent holders were found to achieve a high level of environmental performance and compliance for 81% of the consents monitored through the Taranaki tailored monitoring programmes, while for another 17% of the consents, a good level of environmental performance and compliance was achieved.
- 96. This report includes recommendations for the future monitoring of any hydraulic fracturing activities at the Mangahewa-C wellsite.

20-37 Greymouth Petroleum Mining Group Ltd Kowhai-D Kowhai-5 well Hydraulic Fracturing Monitoring Programme Report 2018-2019

- 97. Greymouth Petroleum Mining Group Ltd (GPL) previously known as Petrochem Ltd operates the Kowhai-D hydrocarbon exploration site located on Manganui Road, Everett Park. This site is located in the Waitara catchment. This report outlines and discusses the results of the monitoring programme implemented by the Council in relation to hydraulic fracturing activities conducted by GPL at the wellsite over the period 22 January 2019 to 11 March 2019. The report also details the results of the monitoring undertaken and assesses the environmental effects of the Company's activities.
- 98. The programme of hydraulic fracturing undertaken by GPL at the Kowhai-D wellsite included the hydraulic fracturing of one well. The well targeted for stimulation was the Kowhai-5 well.
- 99. During the monitoring period, GPL demonstrated an overall high level of environmental performance.
- 100. The programme of monitoring implemented by the Council in relation to these hydraulic fracturing activities spanned the 2018-2019 and 2019-2020 monitoring years. Monitoring included pre and post-discharge groundwater sampling. One biomonitoring survey was also carried out on a tributary of the Waitara River prior to commencement

- of the hydraulic fracturing programme. Samples of hydraulic fracturing fluids, and fluids returning to the wellhead post-fracturing, were also obtained for physicochemical analysis. In order to characterise the discharges and to determine compliance with consent conditions, samples of hydraulic fracturing and return fluid were also obtained for physicochemical analysis.
- 101. This is the second monitoring report produced by the Council in relation to the hydraulic fracturing activities at the Kowhai-D wellsite.
- 102. The monitoring carried out by the Council indicates that the hydraulic fracturing activities undertaken by GPL had no significant adverse effects on local groundwater or surface water resources. There were no unauthorised incidents recording noncompliance in respect of the resource consent held by GPL in relation to these activities or provisions in regional plans, during the period under review.
- 103. GPL demonstrated a high level of environmental and administrative performance and compliance with the resource consents over the reporting period.
- 104. For reference, in the 2019-2020 year, consent holders were found to achieve a high level of environmental performance and compliance for 81% of the consents monitored through the Taranaki tailored monitoring programmes, while for another 17% of the consents, a good level of environmental performance and compliance was achieved.
- 105. This report includes recommendations for the future monitoring of any hydraulic fracturing activities at the Kowhai-D wellsite.

20-47 ANZCO Foods Waitara Ltd Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020

- 106. ANZCO Foods Waitara Ltd (ANZCO) operates a food (meat) manufacturing complex located on Domett Street at Waitara, in the Waitara River catchment. This report for the period July 2019 to June 2020 describes the monitoring programme implemented by the Taranaki Regional Council (the Council) to assess ANZCO's environmental and consent compliance performance during the period under review. The report also details the results of the monitoring undertaken and assesses the environmental effects of ANZCO's activities.
- 107. ANZCO holds two resource consents, which include a total of 11 conditions setting out the requirements that ANZCO must satisfy. The consents allow the discharge of wastewater and stormwater into the Waitara River.

108. During the monitoring period, ANZCO demonstrated an overall high level of environmental performance.

- 109. The Council's monitoring programme for the year under review included two site inspections. Cooling water was sampled by an ANZCO contractor on a monthly basis, and additional samples were collected by the Council on one occasion for an interlaboratory comparison.
- 110. The monitoring showed that the site was generally tidy and well managed. No evidence of adverse environmental effects was discovered in the Waitara River adjacent to the site. Elevated concentrations of un-ionised ammonia were discovered in five cooling water samples during the first four months of the monitoring period. These occurrences coincided with the offseason maintenance window, when plant maintenance and repairs can inadvertently introduce ammonia into the cooling waters. Despite these elevated concentrations, cooling water discharges during this maintenance window likely had

- little environmental effect, due to their low volumes and that they were redirected to land. Near the start of 2020, ANZCO installed a new treatment and land disposal system for the cooling water discharges. There is now no direct conveyance of cooling water into the Waitara River.
- 111. There were no unauthorised incidents recording non-compliance in respect of this Company during the period under review.
- 112. During the year, the Company demonstrated a high level of environmental and administrative performance with the resource consents.
- 113. For reference, in the 2019-2020 year, consent holders were found to achieve a high level of environmental performance and compliance for 81% of the consents monitored through the Taranaki tailored monitoring programmes, while for another 17% of the consents, a good level of environmental performance and compliance was achieved.
- 114. In terms of overall environmental and compliance performance by the consent holder over the last several years, this report shows that the consent holder's performance has improved during the year under review.
- 115. This report includes recommendations for the 2020-2021 year, including a recommendation that this tailored monitoring programme, as it currently stands, be discontinued; given that the cooling water discharge consent is no longer exercised. Two inspections will still be carried out each year for the purpose of monitoring the site's environmental performance and compliance with resource consent 5436-3, however, annual reporting is no longer required.

20-49 Taranaki Galvanizers Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020

- 116. Taranaki Galvanizers Ltd (the Company) operates a zinc galvanising plant located on Monmouth Road, approximately 1 km north of Stratford, in the Kahouri Stream catchment. The Company utilises a hot-dip galvanising process to provide a protective coating for steel materials. This report for the period July 2019 to June 2020 describes the monitoring programme implemented by the Taranaki Regional Council (the Council) to assess the Company's environmental and consent compliance performance during the period under review. The report also details the results of the monitoring undertaken and assesses the environmental effects of the Company's activities.
- 117. The Company holds two resource consents, which include a total of 16 conditions setting out the requirements that the Company must satisfy. The Company holds one consent to allow it to discharge stormwater into an unnamed tributary of the Kahouri Stream, and one consent to discharge emissions into the air at this site.
- 118. During the monitoring period, Taranaki Galvanizers Ltd demonstrated an overall good level of environmental performance.
- 119. The Council's monitoring programme for the year under review included two inspections and eight water samples collected for physicochemical analysis.
- 120. During an inspection, on 17 June 2020, sampling detected elevated dissolved zinc and suspended solids discharging from the site. Dissolved zinc and suspended solids were also elevated in the receiving waters. In response to these results, repeat sampling was undertaken at both locations on 30 June 2020. A reduction of dissolved zinc and suspended solids was recorded at both sites and results had returned to within consented limits.

- 121. The historical disposal of galvanising waste materials into a bore on the Company's site is considered to be the most likely source of zinc contamination in the discharge. Physicochemical water quality monitoring over previous monitoring periods indicated that elevated zinc levels were continuing to occur from the discharges of stormwater and groundwater leachate from the galvanising site, as a result of historical disposal of spent acid to a bore on the property. The results have shown that in general, zinc concentrations have continued to decline over time. Sampling undertaken in the current period showed that the latest concentrations of zinc (30 June 2020) were within the resource consent condition requirements at site and there was no likely effect on the receiving environment downstream of the site.
- 122. In the reported period, no effects from the emissions to air from the galvanising site were detected at or beyond the boundary of the site.
- 123. During the year, the Company demonstrated a good level of environmental and a high level of administrative performance with the resource consents.
- 124. For reference, in the 2019-2020 year, consent holders were found to achieve a high level of environmental performance and compliance for 81% of the consents monitored through the Taranaki tailored monitoring programmes, while for another 17% of the consents, a good level of environmental performance and compliance was achieved.
- 125. In terms of overall environmental and compliance performance by the consent holder over the last several years, this report shows that the consent holder's performance has deteriorated from high to good in the year under review.

19-50 NPDC Crematorium Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020

- 126. The New Plymouth District Council (NPDC) operates a crematorium located on Junction Road, New Plymouth. This report for the period July 2019 to June 2020 describes the monitoring programme implemented by the Taranaki Regional Council (the Council) to assess NPDC's environmental and consent compliance performance during the period under review. The report also details the results of the monitoring undertaken and assesses the environmental effects of NPDC's activities.
- 127. NPDC holds one resource consent, which includes a total of 22 conditions setting out the requirements that they must satisfy.
- 128. During the monitoring period, NPDC demonstrated an overall good level of environmental performance.
- 129. The Council's monitoring programme for the year under review included four compliance monitoring inspections, focusing on process control and possible visible emissions and odours.
- 130. There were a total of 414 cremations carried out at the NPDC crematorium during the 2019-2020 monitoring period.
- 131. A total of 767 cremations were performed in the Taranaki region between the NPDC and Abraham's crematorium during the 2019–2020 monitoring period.
- 132. NPDC is in the process of replacing the Newton cremator and completion of this work is anticipated to occur in the 2020-2021 monitoring period.
- 133. During the year, NPDC demonstrated a good level of environmental and a high level of administrative performance with the resource consent.

- 134. During the monitoring year, there was one incident involving the emission of black smoke self-reported by the consent holder. The matter was addressed and the new cremator proposed will further mitigate this type of event.
- 135. For reference, in the 2019-2020 year, consent holders were found to achieve a high level of environmental performance and compliance for 81% of the consents monitored through the Taranaki tailored monitoring programmes, while for another 17% of the consents, a good level of environmental performance and compliance was achieved.
- 136. In terms of overall environmental and compliance performance by the consent holder over the last several years, this report shows that the consent holder's performance improved in the year under review.
- 137. This report includes recommendations for the 2020-2021 year.

20-54 STDC Coastal Structures Monitoring Programme Annual Report 2019-2020

- 138. South Taranaki District Council (STDC) holds coastal permits for various structures along the South Taranaki coast. This report for the period July 2019 to June 2020 describes the monitoring programme implemented by the Taranaki Regional Council (the Council) to assess STDC's environmental and consent compliance performance during the period under review.
- 139. STDC now holds a total of 11 coastal permits relating to coastal structures, which include a total of 51 conditions setting out the requirements that the STDC must satisfy. STDC holds three coastal permits relating to boat ramps, wharves and jetties, one permit relating to an access structure and seven permits relating to coastal protection from erosion. A further two coastal permits are held for outfall structures which are the subject of other monitoring programmes, namely, the Patea Wastewater Treatment Plant, and the Opunake Wastewater Treatment Plant, and are therefore not discussed in this report.
- 140. During the monitoring period, STDC demonstrated an overall high level of environmental performance.
- 141. The Council's monitoring programme for the period under review included an annual inspection of the various structures.
- 142. The monitoring found that the majority of the coastal structures were compliant with consent conditions. Three of the four issues that were identified during the 2018-2019 inspection round were resolved by STDC during the monitoring period under review. The remaining issue has since been addressed. No definitive environmental effects were discovered in 2019-2020. It should be recognised, however, that the ability of the current monitoring programme to detect such effects is limited. To address this, monitoring changes are proposed within this report.
- 143. During the year, STDC demonstrated a high level of environmental and administrative performance with the resource consents.
- 144. For reference, in the 2019-2020 year, consent holders were found to achieve a high level of environmental performance and compliance for 81% of the consents monitored through the Taranaki tailored monitoring programmes, while for another 17% of the consents, a good level of environmental performance and compliance was achieved.

- 145. In terms of overall environmental and compliance performance by the consent holder over the last several years, this report shows that the consent holder's performance has improved in the year under review.
- 146. This report includes recommendations for the 2020-2021 year, including a recommendation to develop an additional survey programme for the seawall at Middleton Bay.

Decision-making considerations

147. Part 6 (Planning, decision-making and accountability) of the *Local Government Act* 2002 has been considered and documented in the preparation of this agenda item. The recommendations made in this item comply with the decision-making obligations of the *Act*.

Financial considerations—LTP/Annual Plan

148. This memorandum and the associated recommendations are consistent with the Council's adopted Long-Term Plan and estimates. Any financial information included in this memorandum has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice.

Policy considerations

149. This memorandum and the associated recommendations are consistent with the policy documents and positions adopted by this Council under various legislative frameworks including, but not restricted to, the *Local Government Act* 2002, the *Resource Management Act* 1991 and the *Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act* 1987.

lwi considerations

150. This memorandum and the associated recommendations are consistent with the Council's policy for the development of Māori capacity to contribute to decision-making processes (schedule 10 of the *Local Government Act* 2002) as outlined in the adopted long-term plan and/or annual plan. Similarly, iwi involvement in adopted work programmes has been recognised in the preparation of this memorandum.

Legal considerations

151. This memorandum and the associated recommendations comply with the appropriate statutory requirements imposed upon the Council.

Appendices/Attachments

Report Name	PDF Number	Reporting period
20-6 STDC Patea Beach Green Waste Discharge Monitoring Programme Annual Report	2555485	2019-2020
20-13 Waiinu Beach Settlement Monitoring Programme Annual Report	2537709	2019-2020
20-14 Wai-iti Beach Retreat Monitoring Programme Annual Report	2540387	2019-2020
20-18 Todd Energy Aquatic Centre Monitoring Programme Annual Report	2536969	2019-2020

Report Name	PDF Number	Reporting period
20-19 Urenui and Onaero Beach Camps Monitoring Programme Annual Report	2546458	2019-2020
20-31 Port Taranaki Ltd Maintenance Dredging Monitoring Programme Biennial Report	2503492	2018-2020
20-34 Westside Kauri-E Hydraulic Fracturing Monitoring Programme Report	2523002	2018-2019
20-35 Greymouth Petroleum Ltd Radnor-B Hydraulic Fracturing Monitoring Programme Report	2522566	2018-2019
20-36 Todd Petroleum Ltd Mangahewa-C Hydraulic Fracturing Monitoring Programme Report	2522811	2018-2019
20-37 Greymouth Petroleum Mining Group Ltd Kowhai-D Kowhai-5 well Hydraulic Fracturing Monitoring Programme Report	2523544	2018-2019
20-47 ANZCO Foods Waitara Ltd Monitoring Programme Annual Report	2545615	2019-2020
20-49 Taranaki Galvanizers Monitoring Programme Annual Report	2553122	2019-2020
19-50 NPDC Crematorium Monitoring Programme Annual Report	2547889	2019-2020
20-54 STDC Coastal Structures Monitoring Programme Annual Report	2549604	2019-2020



Date 1 September 2020

Subject: Incident, Compliance Monitoring Non-

compliances and Enforcement Summary -

1 July 2020 to 13 August 2020

Approved by: A D McLay, Director - Resource Management

M J Nield, Acting Chief Executive

Document: 2570660

Purpose

- 1. The purpose of this memorandum is to allow the Council to consider and receive the summary of the incidents, compliance monitoring non-compliances and enforcement for the period 1 July 2020 to 13 August 2020.
- 2. The annual inspection for farm dairy effluent monitoring programme commences in September each year and usually finishes around March, however follow up inspections and winter milking inspections are also carried out during the rest of the year.

Executive summary

Incidents

- 3. There are seventy (70) incidents reported.
- 4. Thirty five (35) of the incidents were found to be compliant and twenty five (25) were found to be non-compliant. Ten (10) of the incidents reported relate to non-compliances from previous periods (updates). The action taken on the incidents is set out for Members information.

Compliance monitoring non-compliances

- There are twenty three (23) compliance monitoring non-compliances reported. Thirteen (13) of the compliance monitoring non-compliances reported are updates from previous periods.
- 6. One (1) of the non-compliances reported are as a result of the annual dairy inspection round.

Recommendations

That the Taranaki Regional Council:

- a) <u>receives</u> this memorandum Incident, Compliance Monitoring Non-compliances and Enforcement Summary - 1 July 2020 to 13 August 2020
- b) <u>receives</u> the summary of the incidents, compliance monitoring non-compliances and enforcement for the period from 1 July 2020 to 13 August 2020, <u>notes</u> the action taken by staff acting under delegated authority and adopts the recommendations therein.

Background

- 7. The Council receives and responds to pollution events and public complaints throughout the year. Consent compliance monitoring undertaken can also identify non-compliance. This information is recorded in the IRIS database together with the results of investigations and any follow-up actions. Such incidents and non-compliances are publicly reported to the Council through the Consents and Regulatory Committee via the Incidents, Compliance Monitoring Non-compliances and Enforcement Report or the Annual Compliance Monitoring Reports.
- 8. Attached is the summary of the Incidents, Compliance Monitoring Non-compliances and Enforcement for the period from 1 July 2020 to 13 August 2020.
- Staff have been delegated by the Council to undertake enforcement actions. The enforcement policy and procedures are approved by the Council and then consistently implemented and reported on by staff.

Disclosure Restrictions

10. The incident register information presentation was reviewed in 2014-2015 to increase reader understanding in this complex area. The first section addresses compliant incidents and can be publically discussed. The second section provides an update on non-compliant incidents from previous meetings and where an incident has been resolved it can be publically discussed. The third and fourth sections provide information on non-compliant incidents and non-compliances found during compliance monitoring during the period that are still under investigation and staff are limited in terms of public disclosure of information, while the investigation is ongoing and enforcement responses have not been determined. The incident flow chart and definition of terms provide further operational detail.

Discussion

11. Council responds to all complaints received with most complaints responded to within four hours. This usually involves a site visit. Responses to complaints and non-compliances with rules in the Council's regional plans, resource consents and the Resource Management Act 1991 are recorded in the IRIS database. Where necessary, appropriate advisory or enforcement actions are undertaken. The latter may include issuing an inspection, abatement or infringement notice, or initiating a prosecution. Where an infringement notice or prosecution is possible, details of the information in the Incidents, Compliance Monitoring Non-compliances and Enforcement agenda item and staff comment will be restricted for legal disclosure reasons. Further information will be

- provided at a later date to the Council and for prosecutions a detailed report will be provided for information purposes, in the confidential section of the agenda.
- 12. A summary of Incidents, Compliance Monitoring Non-compliances and Enforcement for the period 1 July 2020 to 13 August 2020 is attached. The 'compliant' incidents are presented first in a table and the 'non-compliant' incidents are presented after in a more detailed summary, followed by the compliance monitoring non-compliances.
- 13. Generally incidents in the 'compliant' table have a recommendation of 'no further action'. However, an incident is considered 'compliant' until such time as a non-compliance is found. Therefore occasionally an incident in the 'compliant' table will have a recommendation of 'investigation continuing', if an ongoing investigation is still underway to confirm compliance.
- 14. A series of graphs are also attached comparing the number of incidents between 2016-2017 and 2020-2021, and also showing how the incidents are tracking in 2020-2021 in relation to environment type and compliance status. There is a graph showing the non-compliances found during compliance monitoring. There is also a graph showing enforcement action taken to date during 2020-2021.
- 15. The data in the graphs for 2020-2021 to date is showing that there are more incidents but less compliance monitoring non-compliances.

Decision-making considerations

16. Part 6 (Planning, decision-making and accountability) of the *Local Government Act* 2002 has been considered and documented in the preparation of this agenda item. The recommendations made in this item comply with the decision-making obligations of the *Act*.

Financial considerations—LTP/Annual Plan

17. This memorandum and the associated recommendations are consistent with the Council's adopted Long-Term Plan and estimates. Any financial information included in this memorandum has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice.

Policy considerations

18. This memorandum and the associated recommendations are consistent with the policy documents and positions adopted by this Council under various legislative frameworks including, but not restricted to, the *Local Government Act* 2002, the *Resource Management Act* 1991 and the *Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act* 1987.

Iwi considerations

19. This memorandum and the associated recommendations are consistent with the Council's policy for the development of Māori capacity to contribute to decision-making processes (schedule 10 of the *Local Government Act* 2002) as outlined in the adopted long-term plan and/or annual plan. Similarly, iwi involvement in adopted work programmes has been recognised in the preparation of this memorandum.

Legal considerations

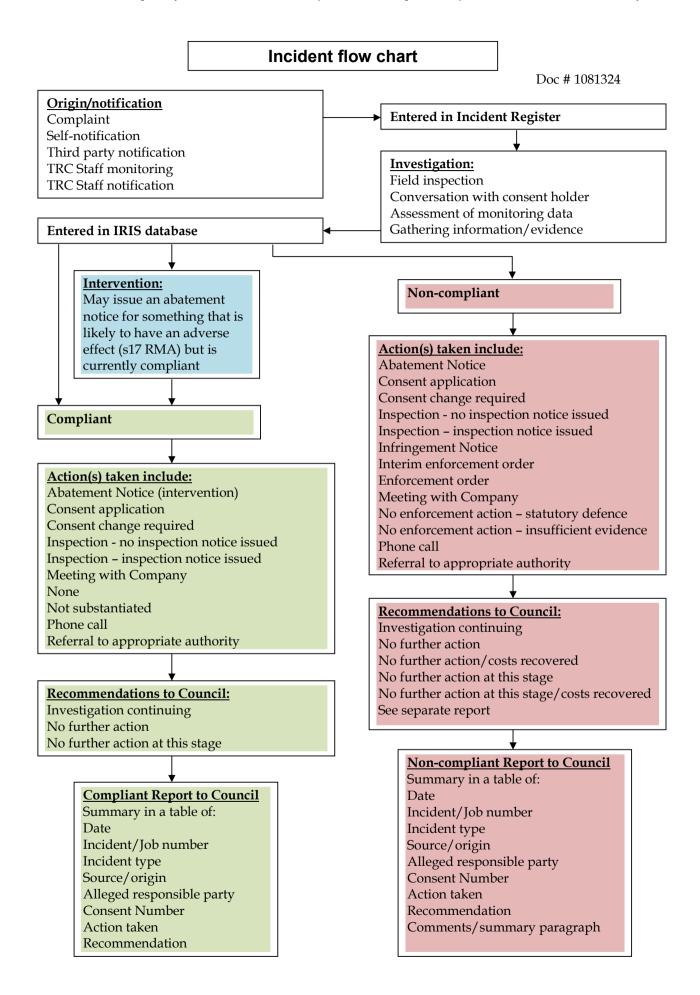
20. This memorandum and the associated recommendations comply with the appropriate statutory requirements imposed upon the Council.

Appendices/Attachments

Document 1081324: Incident flowchart and terms explained

Document 2570679: Incident and Enforcement Graphs to 31 July 2020

Document 2570575: Incidents and Enforcement Summary 1 July 2020 to 13 August 2020



Terms explained

Compliance rating

Compliant After investigation the incident was found to be compliant with

environmental standards or other regulations, permitted rules in a regional plan (e.g. RFWP, RAQP, RCP allowed), a resource consent

and/or the Resource Management Act 1991.

Non-compliant After investigation the incident was found to be <u>non-compliant</u> with

environmental standards or other regulations, rules in a regional plan, a resource consent and/or the Resource Management Act 1991

Origin/Notification:

Complaint Notification of incident received from public.

Self notification Notification of incident received from the responsible party.

Third Party Notification of incident received from third party such as New

Notification Zealand Fire, District Council etc.

TRC Staff Notification of incident found during routine compliance monitoring.

TRC Staff Notification of incident found during unrelated monitoring/field notification work.

Action/s Taken:

14 day Letter A letter was sent requesting an explanation for the non-compliance

and why enforcement action should not be considered. The

recipient is given 14 days to reply.

Abatement Notice A notice was issued requiring something to be undertaken or

something to cease to ensure compliance with Rules in the regional plans, resource consent or Resource Management Act 1991. Notice must be complied with or further enforcement action can be

considered.

Consent application A consent application has been received as a result of the

investigation.

Consent change

required

During the investigation it was found that a consent change was

required.

Emergency Works Emergency works was allowed under section 330 of the RMA.

Often a subsequent resource consent is required.

Enforcement Order An enforcement order has been issued by the Environment Court

requiring action to be undertaken or something to cease. Notice must be complied with or further enforcement action can be

considered.

Infringement Notice

(\$xxx.xx)

An infringement notice was issued under Section 338(1)(a) of the Resource Management Act 1991 and Councils delegated authority.

Inspection Notice An inspection was undertaken and a notice of advice/instruction

was issued to landowner/alleged offender.

Inspection/no notice

issued

An inspection was undertaken, however no inspection notice was issued as there was no alleged offender/landowner to issue one to

(natural event, unsourced etc).

Interim Enforcement

Order

An interim enforcement order has been issued by the Environment Court requiring action to be undertaken or something to cease. Notice must be complied with or further enforcement action can be

considered.

Meeting with Company

A meeting was held with the Company to discuss the incident and

ways to resolve any issues.

None No action was required.

Not Substantiated The incident could not be substantiated (i.e. it is not

likely/possible/probable that the alleged incident could have taken

place).

Phone call A phone call was made to the alleged offender/authority.

Prosecution A prosecution is being initiated for this incident.

Referral to Appropriate

Authority

The incident was referred to the appropriate authority (District

Council, Department of Conservation etc).

Recommendations to Council

Investigation continuing

Outcome has not been finalised. Investigation is continuing on this incident, information/evidence still being gathered. Further action, including enforcement are being considered and therefore legally all information cannot be reported on this incident at this stage. These incidents will continue to be reported as updates in the following

agendas.

No Further Action Investigation is completed, any required enforcement action has been

undertaken and no further action is required.

No Further Action At This Stage Investigation is completed, any required enforcement action has been undertaken and further action may be required at a later date.

No Further Action/Costs Recovered Investigation is completed, any required enforcement action has been undertaken and no further action is required. Costs will be recovered

from the alleged offender for the investigation.

this Stage/Costs Recovered

No further Action at Investigation is completed, any required enforcement action has been undertaken and further action may be required at a later date (reinspection of Abatement Notice etc). Costs will be recovered from the alleged offender for the investigation.

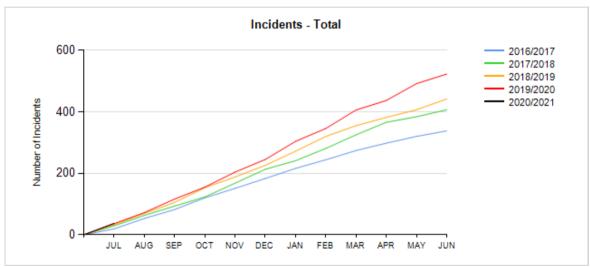
Defences under Sections 340 and 341 of the Resource Management Act 1991

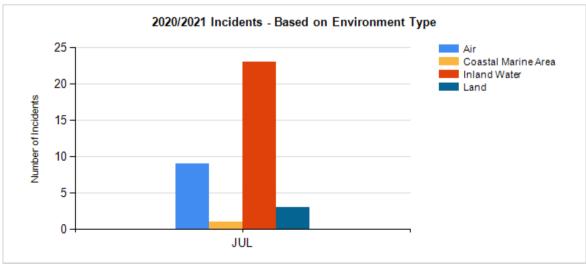
Sometimes no enforcement action is undertaken against an alleged offender for a noncompliant incident as they have a defence under Section 340 of the Resource Management Act 1991 including reasons such as:

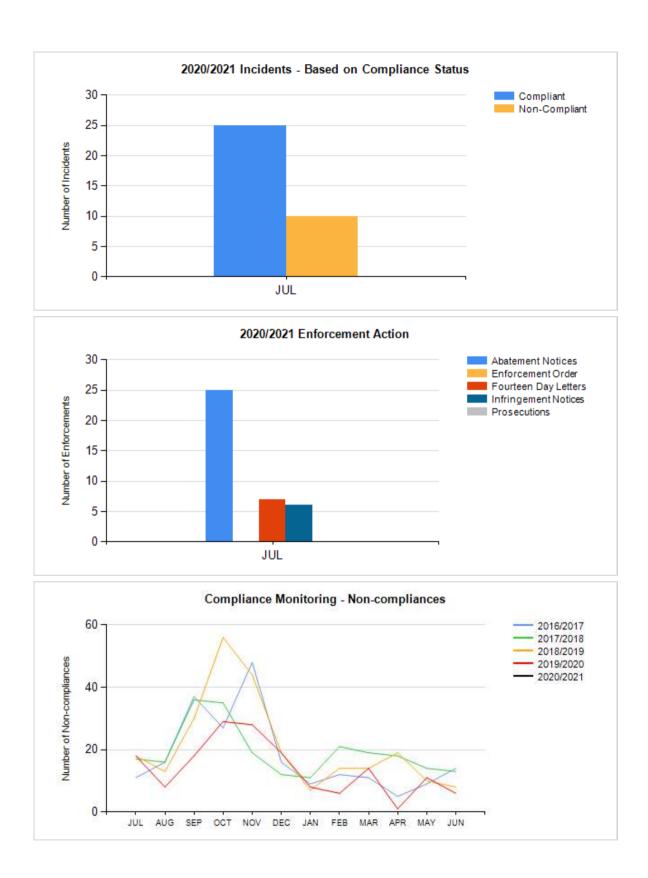
- the defendant can prove that he or she did not know, and could not reasonably be expected to have known that the offence was to be or was being committed, or
- that he or she took all reasonable steps to prevent the commission of the offence, or
- the action or event could not reasonably have been foreseen or been provided against by the defendant.

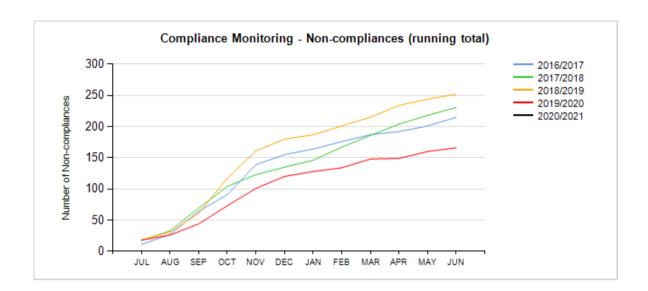
Incident and Enforcement Graphs to 31 July 2020











Incident Date	Job Number / IRIS ID	Incident Type	Source	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Compliance Status	Recommendation
01 Jul 2020	3301-21-001 IN/39978	Alleged Poultry odour - Henwood Road, Lepperton	Complaint	Shane & Adele Ward	R2/5280-2.0	RAQP Allowed	No Further Action
02 Jul 2020	3301-21-006 IN/39998	Alleged Pig effluent discharge - Rugby Road, Tariki	Complaint	Gary Davies		RFWP Allowed	No Further Action
03 Jul 2020	3301-21-004 IN/39997	Alleged Mussel shells in Mimi River - Uruti	Complaint	Unsourced		RFWP Allowed	No Further Action
03 Jul 2020	3301-21-005 IN/40001	Alleged Substance on beach - Komene Road, Okato	Complaint	Unsourced		Not Applicable/Natural Event	No Further Action
03 Jul 2020	3301-21-010 IN/40026	Alleged Car storage site - Uruti Rd - Uruti	Complaint	Andrew Brown Carl Weston Daniel Weston Mathew Weston Maxine Beales		RFWP Allowed	No Further Action
03 Jul 2020	3301-21-016 IN/40037	Alleged Dam - Burns Street, New Plymouth	Third Party Notification	Graeme Lowe Greensill L & H Family Trust Nick Greensill		RFWP Allowed	No Further Action
06 Jul 2020	3301-21-007 IN/40003	Alleged Vehicle down bank - Alfred Road - Egmont Village	Complaint			RFWP Allowed	No Further Action
06 Jul 2020	3301-21-003 IN/40005	Alleged Concrete discharge - Burns Street, New Plymouth	Complaint	Jeremy Baker Nick Greensill		RFWP Allowed	No Further Action

Incident Date	Job Number / IRIS ID	Incident Type	Source	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Compliance Status	Recommendation
08 Jul 2020	3301-21-011 IN/40027	Alleged Palm kernel on road - Mountain Road, Midhurst	Complaint	Unsourced		RFWP Allowed	No Further Action
09 Jul 2020	3301-21-012 IN/40032	Alleged Cows in Stream - Grays Road, Okato	Complaint	P & E Grylls		RFWP Allowed	No Further Action
10 Jul 2020	3301-21-014 IN/40028	Alleged Gas odour - State Highway 45, Rahotu	Complaint	Natural Event		RFWP Allowed	No Further Action
10 Jul 2020	3301-21-013 IN/40031	Alleged Smoke - Turatura Road, Hawera	Complaint	Desmond Graeme Baylis		RAQP Allowed	No Further Action
10 Jul 2020	3301-21-015 IN/40042	Alleged Bore discharge - Wairau Road, Oakura	Complaint	New Plymouth District Council	R2/10770- 1.0	RFWP Allowed	No Further Action
18 Jul 2020	3301-21-018 IN/40199	Alleged Burning - Willow Place, New Plymouth	Complaint	Unsourced		Not Applicable/Natural Event	No Further Action
18 Jul 2020	3301-21-019 IN/40205	Alleged Dead fish - Lake Rotomanu, New Plymouth	Complaint	Unsourced		Not Applicable/Natural Event	No Further Action
19 Jul 2020	3301-21-020 IN/40206	Alleged Orange discharge - Tawhiti Stream - Mason Road, Hawera	Complaint	Unsourced		Not Applicable/Natural Event	No Further Action
19 Jul 2020	3301-21-021 IN/40207	Alleged Poultry odour - Kaipi Road, Egmont Village	Complaint	Tegel Foods Limited	R2/9500-1.1	Consent Compliance	No Further Action

Incident Date	Job Number / IRIS ID	Incident Type	Source	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Compliance Status	Recommendation
20 Jul 2020	3301-21-022 IN/40208	Alleged Poultry odour - Kaipi Road, Egmont Village	Complaint	Tegel Foods Limited	R2/9500-1.1	Consent Compliance	No Further Action
22 Jul 2020	3301-21-026 IN/40094	Alleged Piped stream - Weld Road, Oakura	TRC Staff Notification	Brett Adlam Gordon Cocker Kerry Cocker		RFWP Allowed	No Further Action
23 Jul 2020	3301-21-028 IN/40210	Alleged Sewage discharge - Brois Street, New Plymouth	Self- Notification	NPDC Water and Waste EM		RFWP Allowed	No Further Action
24 Jul 2020	3301-21-030 IN/40122	Alleged Smoke - Waitara Road, Brixton	Complaint	Rua Kiwi Gardens		RAQP Allowed	No Further Action
24 Jul 2020	3301-21-029 IN/40209	Alleged Dumped soil - Tapuae Road, New Plymouth	Complaint	Robert Sadler		RFWP Allowed	No Further Action
28 Jul 2020	3301-21-032 IN/40124	Alleged Cows in stream - Tiromoana Road, Eltham	Complaint	Allan Hawkes		RFWP Allowed	No Further Action
29 Jul 2020	3301-20-033 IN/40120	Alleged Smokey fire - State Highway 3, Normanby	Complaint	Anthony Munro Bruce & Pauline Nickel		RAQP Allowed	No Further Action
29 Jul 2020	3301-21-037 IN/40152	Alleged Smoke/burning - Thompson Road, Egmont Village	Complaint	Edward & Rayleen Straathof		RAQP Allowed	No Further Action
31 Jul 2020	3301-21-038 IN/40153	Alleged Dairy effluent - Upper Timaru Road, Oakura	Complaint	Unsourced		RFWP Allowed	No Further Action
03 Aug 2020	3301-20-041 IN/40155	Alleged Smokey fire - Rimu Street, Hawera	Complaint	Jonno Noonan		RAQP Allowed	No Further Action

Incident Date	Job Number / IRIS ID	Incident Type	Source	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Compliance Status	Recommendation
04 Aug 2020	3301-21-046 IN/40165	Alleged Pollen discharge - McLean Street, Hawera	Complaint	Natural Event		Not Applicable/Natural Event	No Further Action
05 Aug 2020	3301-21-045 IN/40163	Alleged Water - Sybrandy - Toko	Complaint	Peter & Sue Sybrandy		RFWP Allowed	No Further Action
05 Aug 2020	3301-21-047 IN/40164	Alleged Composting odour - Mokau Road, Uriti	Complaint	Remediation (NZ) Limited	R2/5838-2.2	RAQP Allowed	No Further Action
06 Aug 2020	3301-21-049 IN/40189	Alleged Discoloured stormwater - Te Henui Stream - New Plymouth	Complaint	Unsourced	R2/6095-1	Not Applicable/Natural Event	Investigation Continuing
06 Aug 2020	3301-21-048 IN/40216	Alleged Chemical Odour - Swansea Road, Stratford	Complaint	Unsourced		RAQP Allowed	No Further Action
07 Aug 2020	3301-21-061 IN/40171	Alleged Dairy effluent - Eltham Road, Kaponga	TRC Staff Notification	Nilock & Camole Trusts	R2/0687-2	RFWP Allowed	No Further Action
12 Aug 2020	3301-21-059 IN/40203	Alleged Earthworks and cleanfill - Carrington Road, New Plymouth	Third Party Notification	Derek Sampson		RFWP Allowed	Investigation Continuing
13 Aug 2020	3301-21-058 IN/40200	Alleged In stream works - Namu Road, Opunake.	Complaint	Darrell Hickey		RFWP Allowed	No Further Action

Incident Date	Job Number / IRIS ID	Incident Type	Source	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Action Taken	Recommendation
16 Oct 2019	3301-20-303	Sewage discharge - Urenui	TRC Staff	John Honeyfield (71950)		EAC-23440 - Abatement	Investigation
<u>Update</u>	IN/38998	Estuary - Urenui	Notification	Unsourced (9768)		Notice	Continuing

Comments: During a Citizen Science project undertaken with Te Rūnanga o Ngāti Mutunga, samples of stormwater that discharges into the Urenui Estuary were taken. Subsequent analysis of the samples found that there was strong evidence of human sewage contamination. A meeting was held with New Plymouth District Council (NPDC), Te Rūnanga o Ngāti Mutunga and Taranaki District Health Board where the results were discussed. NPDC have undertaken to investigate the stormwater system and any possible problem areas to try to locate the source of the contamination. An update report was received outlining that further water sampling has identified 33 possible sources, which were further investigated. As a result of the investigation NPDC prepared an action plan which outlines remedial works to be undertaken to resolve the problem. NPDC and TRC have undertaken a series of inspections and sampling to more specifically locate the pathways of contamination. One abatement notice has been issued requiring works to be undertaken to ensure compliance with the Regional Fresh water Plan for Taranaki. Reinspection will be undertaken to ascertain compliance.

18 May 2020	3301-20-477	Black smoke - Inland North	Complaint	Darryl Horgan (71455)	Investigation	
<u>Update</u>	IN/39723	Road, Tikorangi			Continuing	

Comments: A complaint was received regarding black smoke discharging across the Pohokura/Methanex sites from the Inland North Road, Tikorangi area. Investigation found that a fire was burning at a property on Inland North Road. Some unauthorised materials were present on the fire, including 20 litre plastic chemical containers, car parts and a rubber mat, in contravention of rules in the Regional Air Quality Plan for Taranaki. The fire burnt out during the inspection. Enforcement action is being considered.

Incident Date	Job Number / IRIS ID	Incident Type	Source	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Action Taken	Recommendation
09 Jun 2020 <u>Update</u>	3301-20-503 IN/39884	Unauthorised dumping and burning - Lower King Road, Bell Block	Complaint	Clelands Construction Ltd (22615) Jeremy & Racheal Cottam (24684) Maxwell Gray (55411) Offshore Plumbing & Pipeline (55449) Papa Rererangi i Puketapu Limited (NP Airport) (55471)		EAC-23450 - Abatement Notice EAC-23445 - Abatement Notice EAC-23422 - Abatement Notice EAC-23390 - Abatement Notice EAC-23384 - Explanation Requested - Letter EAC-23382 - Explanation Requested - Letter EAC-23376 - Explanation Requested - Letter EAC-23360 - Abatement Notice EAC-23359 - Abatement Notice EAC-23358 - Abatement Notice	Investigation Continuing

Comments: A complaint was received concerning a smoky fire at a property on Lower King Road, Bell Block. Investigation found that a fire was burning on the property, with generators and lights set up around the fire area. Large amounts of rubbish were observed being transported onto the property. Trucks were followed and it was found that materials from the demolition of the old New Plymouth Airport terminal were being dumped and burnt on the property. An inspection of the property was undertaken and it was found that unauthorised materials were being dumped and burnt. Photographs and samples were taken. Abatement notices were issued requiring the deposition and disposal of unauthorised materials to cease. Reinspection the next day found that the abatement notices were being complied with at the time of inspection. A further inspection was undertaken under search warrant to obtain further evidence. Te Ataiawa were advised of the incident. Further enforcement action is being considered.

Incident Date	Job Number / IRIS ID	Incident Type	Source	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Action Taken	Recommendation
13 Jun 2020 <u>Update</u>	3301-20-513 IN/39922	Black smoke - South Road, Hawera	Complaint	Bruce Commerer (71670)			Investigation Continuing
		received concerning black smoke fr ographs were taken. Enforcement a			outh Road, Haw	era. Investigation found that ur	nauthorised materials
20 May 2020 <u>Update</u>	3301-20-479 IN/39745	Poultry odour - Kaipi Road, Egmont Village	Complaint	Tegel Foods Limited (9994)	R2/9500-1.1	EAC-23453 - Infringement Notice (\$750)	No Further Action/Costs Recovered
Comments: A complaint was received regarding odour discharging from poultry sheds on Kaipi Road, Egmont Village. An odour survey was undertaken and objectionable odour was found beyond the boundary of the site, around the complainant's property, in contravention of Abatement Notice EAC-22075, issued as a result of a previous incident.							
21 May 2020 Update	3301-20-488 IN/39776	Poultry odour - Kaipi Road, Egmont Village	Complaint	Tegel Foods Limited (9994)	R2/9500-1.1		No Further Action/Costs Recovered

Comments: A complaint was received regarding odour discharging from poultry sheds on Kaipi Road, Egmont Village. An odour survey was undertaken and objectionable odour was found beyond the boundary of the site, in contravention of Abatement Notice EAC-22075, issued as a result of a previous incident. As this incident was related to events of the previous incident, it was decided that one infringement notice was appropriate in this instance.

Incident Date	Job Number / IRIS ID	Incident Type	Source	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Action Taken	Recommendation
22 May 2020 <u>Update</u>	3301-20-486 IN/39772	Unauthorised discharge - Styrene into Mangahewa Stream - Tikorangi	Self- Notification	Todd Energy Limited (36724)			No Further Action At This Stage/Costs Recovered

Comments: Self-notification was received that works to re-line an existing old underground stormwater pipe had resulted in the release of a styrene product to the Mangahewa Stream. Styrene is normally contained within the pipe liner structure and once cured there is no longer any residual styrene that could enter a waterway, thereby eliminating risk, once full cure is achieved. During installation of the liner the resin that contains the styrene is double isolated within the applicable protective pre-liners. During the install process a section of the liner became damaged resulting in styrene release into the Mangahewa Stream. Steps were immediately taken to ensure that no further styrene entered the stream. The damaged section of pipe liner was safely repaired. Further inspections have found no adverse environmental effects. Ongoing monitoring will occur.

28 May 2020 <u>Update</u>	3301-20-495 IN/39817	Septic tank overflow - South Road, Rahotu	Complaint	Beverley Burkitt (71527)	EAC-23356 - Explanation No Further Action Requested - Letter EAC-23354 - Abatement Notice
					Notice

Comments: A complaint was received concerning a septic tank overflow pipe directed to the stream at South Road, Rahotu. Investigation found that a pipe from a house on the property was discharging an odorous and turbid liquid into the stream. Sewage fungus was present in the stream bed but was localised to below the discharge point. Samples of the discharge were taken. An abatement was issued requiring the discharge to cease. Reinspection found that the discharge pipe had been blocked off and the septic tank emptied. The discharge had ceased and the abatement notice was being complied with at the time of inspection. Work was underway to construct an effluent soakage bed to prevent any further discharge to surface water. Reinspection found that the abatement notice was being complied with at the time of inspection.

Incident Date	Job Number / IRIS ID	Incident Type	Source	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Action Taken	Recommendation
22 Jun 2020 <u>Update</u>	3301-20-524 IN/39969	Odour - Composting site - Uruti	Complaint	Remediation (NZ) Limited (30679)	R2/5839-2 R2/5838-2.2	EAC-23455 - Infringement Notice (\$1000)	No Further Action/Costs Recovered
		received concerning odour emanat the property. The company were a	0	,	Jruti. An odour s	urvey was undertaken and offe	ensive odour was

Comments: A compliant was received concerning odour emanating from a composting site on Mokau Road, Uruti. An odour survey was undertaken and objectionable odour was found beyond the boundary of the property. The company were advised of the outcome.

Incident Date	Job Number / IRIS ID	Incident Type	Source	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Action Taken	Recommendatio
26 May 2020	3301-21-054 IN/40172	Unauthorised culvert - Puke Road, Uruti	TRC Staff Compliance	New Plymouth District Council (9565)			Investigation Continuing
			Monitoring				
	J	monitoring it was found that a culist being considered.	· ·	stalled under Puke Road at l	Uruti in contraven	tion of rules in the Regional Fr	esh Water Plan for

requesting explanation was sent. NPDC are undertaking further investigation and a report on their findings will be provided to this Council.

31 Jul 2020	3301-21-034	Odour - Swansea Road,	Complaint	Interdrill (71978)	Investigation
	IN/40151	Stratford			Continuing

Comments: A complaint was received concerning odour in the Swansea Road area at Stratford. Investigation found that odour was emanating from a fire on an industrial site on Swansea Road. Some unauthorised materials were being burnt on the fire. The fire was extinguished at the time of inspection. Enforcement action is being considered.

Incident Date	Job Number / IRIS ID	Incident Type	Source	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Action Taken	Recommendation
03 Aug 2020	3301-21-044 IN/40162	Sewage discharge - High Street, Eltham	Complaint	Shayna Pemberton (72026) William Jane (69832)		EAC-23462 - Abatement Notice	Investigation Continuing
of a paddock i	n contravention	received concerning a sewage disc of an abatement notice issued as a	result of previ	ous non-compliances. The p	property was in the	process of being sold. The cu	irrent owner (at that
of a paddock in time) undertoo against the pre	n contravention of k to clean out the evious owner. Th		result of previ after the prope what is require	ous non-compliances. The prty had been sold found this ed and it was agreed that an	property was in the had not been dor	e process of being sold. The cu le. Further enforcement action	rrent owner (at that is being considered

04 Aug 2020	3301-21-036 IN/40147	Odour - Young Street, New Plymouth	Complaint	Modern Day Miners Limited (71967)	EAC-23449 - Explanation Requested - Letter EAC-23448 - Abatement Notice	Investigation Continuing
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Comments: A complaint was received regarding odour in the Young Street area in New Plymouth. Investigation found that there was an objectionable chemical type odour in the area, which was traced to a neighbouring property where a Company was melting solder from computer mother boards with inadequate ventilation extraction. An abatement notice was issued requiring the works to cease. Reinspection found that the abatement notice was being complied with. A letter requesting explanation was sent. Further enforcement action is being considered.

Incident Date	Job Number / IRIS ID	Incident Type	Source	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Action Taken	Recommendation
11 Aug 2020	3301-21-057 IN/40196	Trees in stream - Tauwharenikau Road, Tututawa	TRC Staff Notification	Powerco Limited (12931)			Investigation Continuing
found that a p	ower company h	monitoring it was found that some t ad engaged contractors to clear po Enforcement action is being consid	wer lines and i				
01 Jul 2020	3301-21-002 IN/39987	Silt/sediment discharge - Tukapa Street, New Plymouth	Complaint	Smudgy Developments (56784)	R2/10585- 1.0		No Further Action/Costs Recovered
	k filling had beei	received concerning a discharge of n occurring using clean soil. Inadeq					

Incident Date	Job Number / IRIS ID	Incident Type	Source	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Action Taken	Recommendation
08 Jul 2020	3301-21-009 IN/40012	Hydrocarbon spill - Junction Road, New Plymouth	Complaint	Unsourced (9768)			No Further Action
hydrocarbons	were on the roa	eceived concerning hydrocarbons of and had likely discharged into the found in any receiving waters. The	roadside drain	n. A contractor was already or		, ,	
13 Jul 2020	3301-21-017 IN/40041	Hydrocarbons in gutter - McClean Street, Waitara	Complaint	Unsourced (9768)			No Further Action

Comments: A complaint was received regarding hydrocarbons in a roadside drain on McClean Street, Waitara. Investigation found that a hydrocarbon sheen was present in the drain outside BP Waitara. The inspection found no spill had occurred and it appeared that moss in the drain had at some stage absorbed hydrocarbons and this was leaching in to the drain when the moss became covered in stormwater. The area was bunded to prevent further discharge to the stormwater and the moss was cleared from the drain.

17 Jul 2020	3301-21-024	Acid Spill - Fonterra - Eltham	Self-	Fonterra Co-Operative	No Further Action
	IN/40067	·	Notification	Group Limited (28692)	

Comments: Self-notification was received concerning a discharge of acid from a dairy processing facility, into the stormwater system in Eltham. Investigation found that acid had discharged from a leaking Intermediate Bulk Container (IBC) container on site. Most of the product was contained onsite within bunded areas under the IBC. A small amount of product had discharge along a driveway and into the stormwater system. The discharge had ceased at the time of inspection. No environmental effects could be found at the time of inspection.

Sediment - Airedale Street,

Waitara

24 Jul 2020

the farm.

3301-21-027

IN/40121

Incident Date	Job Number / IRIS ID	Incident Type	Source	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Action Taken	Recommendation
20 Jul 2020	3301-21-025 IN/40066	Paint - Pukenui Street, New Plymouth	Complaint	New Plymouth Boys High School (72017) Peter Robertson (72016)			No Further Action
	•	received concerning a white subs		,	,	0	•
		undertook to clean up any residu					nozzle of the gun had beer time of inspection.

Comments: A complaint was received concerning a milky stream near the Waitara Golf Course. Investigation found that stream was running clear. An inspection of the wider area found that a motorbike had been washed outside a property on Airedale Street. A large amount of sediment was noted along the gutter leading into the stormwater system that feeds into the stream. The occupants of the house were spoken and advised of the rules regarding discharges to water. In future the occupants will wash the motorbike at

Martin Schimanski (72019)

No Further Action

Complaint

Incident Date	Job Number / IRIS ID	Incident Type	Source	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Action Taken	Recommendation
27 Jul 2020	3301-21-031 IN/40099	Dairy effluent - Upland Road, Egmont village	TRC Staff Compliance Monitoring	Gerry & Janine Sturkenboom (54973) Sturkenboom Farms Limited (55112)	R2/2106-2	EAC-23434 - Abatement Notice	No Further Action At This Stage/Costs Recovered
Commonto. [Ouring a resource	e consent application investigation					
Upland Road, be undertaker	Egmont village. n to ensure comp	Partially treated farm dairy effluen diance with resource consent conc	litions. Reinspec	ction will be undertaken after (
Upland Road,	Egmont village.						. •
Upland Road, be undertaker 31 Jul 2020 Comments: A	Egmont village. 1 to ensure comp 3301-21-042 IN/40149 A complaint was by and contained by	liance with resource consent conc	Complaint f unauthorised muding a bed, a co	Julian Brian Edgecombe (27498) naterial at a site on Glover Ro ouch, painted timber and treat	30 October 2020 oad, Hawera. Invited timber. The	vestigation found that a fire wa	No Further Action

Incident Date	Job Number / IRIS ID	Incident Type	Source	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Action Taken	Recommendation
03 Aug 2020	3301-20-035 IN/40130	Burning - Glover Road, Hawera	Complaint	Julian Brian Edgecombe (27498)		EAC-23447 - Explanation Requested - Letter EAC-23446 - Abatement Notice	No Further Action At This Stage
including a ma	ttress, a couch,	received regarding burning of unau electrical wire coating, polycarbona ent notice was issued requiring Rul	ated roofing, no	ovoflow and house hold waste,	, was being bur	nt on the property. Some of the	materials had been
complied with	at the time of ins 3301-20-039	spection. An explanation was received. Dumped dead stock - Eltham	ved. Complaint	Unsourced (9768)			No Further Action
complied with 03 Aug 2020 Comments: A	3301-20-039 IN/40154 complaint was		Complaint	d side drain on Mangawhero F	Road, Riverlea.	Investigation found a cow carca	No Further Action

Incident Date	Job Number / IRIS ID	Incident Type	Source	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Action Taken	Recommendatio
05 Aug 2020	3301-20-052 IN/40174	Backyard burning - Glasgow Street, Hawera	Complaint	Razie Alluad (72006)			No Further Action
		received concerning backyard burr property. They were not aware th					
06 Aug 2020	3301-21-051 IN/40192	Dead goat - Te Henui Stream - New Plymouth	Complaint	Ying Zhu (72022)			No Further Action
		received concerning a dead sheep ner was traced who was unaware t			estigation found	a dead goat in the stream whi	ch was removed at
07 Aug 2020	3301-21-050 IN/40194	Sewage discharge - Lemon & Liardet Street, New Plymouth	Complaint	New Plymouth District Council (9565)		No Enforcement Action - Statutory defence	No Further Action
discharge to th	IN/40194 self-notification water dr		discharge on the dimmediately.	Council [*] (9565) ne corner of Lemon and Liard The discharge was caused by		Statutory defence Plymouth. Investigation found	there was minimal

<u>Updates of Compliance Monitoring - Non-compliances</u> from previous agendas

Inspection Date	Job Number IRIS ID	Inspection Type	Compliance Status	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Action Taken	Recommendation
05 Sep 2018 <u>Update</u>	332119-044 ENF-21673	Compliance Monitoring Insp.	Non-compliance	Tania Jenna Brown (16070)	R2/5473-1		Investigation Continuing
				weir was not operating within resource conditions. Progress is being made to add		s at State Highway 45, Tatara	aimaka. Fish
10 Jul 2019 <u>Update</u>	332120-024 ENF-22082	Compliance Monitoring Insp.	Non-compliance	Bland & Jackson Surveyors Ltd (10034) Settlers Bush Trustees Limited (52723)	R2/10227- 1.0	EAC-22798 - Abatement Notice	Investigation Continuing
conditions. An	abatement notic	ce was issued requi	ring resource conse	a property at a subdivision on Honeyfient to be complied with. Reinspection four enforcement action is being considered	ind that the abate		
29 Apr 2020 <u>Update</u>	332120-151 ENF-22495	Compliance Monitoring Insp.	Non-compliance	Fonterra Limited (50606)	R2/3902-3.0	EAC-23319 - Abatement Notice EAC-23318 - Explanation Requested - Letter EAC-23427 - Infringement Notice (\$750)	No Further Action/Costs Recovered

Comments: During routine monitoring it was found that there had been an unauthorised discharge of contaminated stormwater, from the Fonterra Whareroa site in Hawera, into the unnamed tributary of the Tangahoe River. An abatement notice was issued requiring works to be undertaken to prevent any further contaminants being discharged to the stream. Immediate works were undertaken to cease the discharge at the time of inspection.

Updates of Compliance Monitoring - Non-compliances from previous agendas

Inspection Date	Job Number IRIS ID	Inspection Type	Compliance Status	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Action Taken	Recommendation			
30 Apr 2020 <u>Update</u>	332120-152 ENF-22496	Dairy Non- compliant Re- inspection	Significant non- compliance	GBG Farms Limited (30373)	R2/1322-3	EAC-23429 - Infringement Notice (\$750)	No Further Action/Costs Recovered			
Nopera Road, point, the stream	Urenui. The dis am had very low	charge was dark in flow and was also	colour and turbid. The turbid. It was discover	he unnamed tribuťary was discoloureď c	lownstream of thing, likely due to	ne discharge point. Upstream o	of the discharge			

Comments: During routine monitoring of a cleanfill site at Rainie Road, Hawera, it was found that unauthorised material had been placed in the cleanfill. It was also found that silt and sediment controls were inadequate. An abatement notice was issued requiring all unauthorised materials to be removed. Reinspection found that the abatement notice was being complied with. Letters of explanation were received.

Requested - Letter EAC-23337 - Explanation Requested - Letter EAC-23430 - Infringement

Notice (\$750)

25 May 2020 <u>Update</u>	332120-160 ENF-22519	Compliance Monitoring Insp.	Significant non- compliance	AICA (NZ) Limited (37192)	R2/2367-3.2	No Further Action/Costs
						Recovered

Comments: During routine monitoring it was found that site stormwater was discharging overland and into water from a spray irrigation area in contravention of resource consent conditions and a previously issued abatement notice, at an industrial site on Corbett Road, Bell Block. Sample results showed no effects in the stream. A letter of explanation was received. A meeting was held with the Company and they have undertaken to engage suitably qualified people to make improvements to the system to ensure compliance.

<u>Updates of Compliance Monitoring - Non-compliances</u> from previous agendas

Inspection Date	Job Number IRIS ID	Inspection Type	Compliance Status	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Action Taken	Recommendation		
02 Jun 2020 <u>Update</u>	332120-165 ENF-22534	Chemical Sampling Survey	Non-compliance	New Plymouth District Council (9565)	R2/4619-1	EAC-23372 - Explanation Requested - Letter	No Further Action/Costs Recovered		
				ng it was found that the faecal coliform c er of explanation was received and accep		as slightly above allowable lim	nits in resource		
05 Jun 2020 <u>Update</u>	332120-182 ENF-22564	Instream Structure Inspection	Non-compliance	South Taranaki District Council (9623)	R2/9403-1	EAC-23417 - Abatement Notice	No Further Action At This Stage/Costs Recovered		
	Comments: During routine monitoring it was found that resource consent conditions were not being complied with for a culvert at a property on Mangawhio Road, Waverley. A statement notice was issued requiring works to be undertaken to ensure compliance. Reinspection will be undertaken after 9 November 2020.								
							o Road, Waverley. An		
							No Further Action At This Stage/Costs Recovered		
05 Jun 2020 Update Comments: D	332120-183 ENF-22565	Instream Structure Inspection	Non-compliance	ure compliance. Reinspection will be und	R2/9404-1 with for a culve	November 2020. EAC-23418 - Abatement Notice rt at a property on Mangawhice	No Further Action At This Stage/Costs Recovered		

<u>Updates of Compliance Monitoring - Non-compliances</u> from previous agendas

Inspection Date	Job Number IRIS ID	Inspection Type	Compliance Status	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Action Taken	Recommendation		
09 Jun 2020 <u>Update</u>	332120-185 ENF-22567	Instream Structure Inspection	Non-compliance	Stratford District Council (10048)	R2/9338-1	EAC-23420 - Abatement Notice	No Further Action At This Stage/Costs Recovered		
				sent conditions were not being complied ure compliance. Reinspection will be und			load, Stratford. An		
18 Jun 2020 <u>Update</u>	332120-167 ENF-22552	Compliance Monitoring Insp.	Non-compliance	Port Taranaki Limited (26226)	R2/0197-2.1	EAC-23398 - Explanation Requested - Letter EAC-23454 - Infringement Notice (\$750)	No Further Action/Costs Recovered		
The receiving suspended sol	Comments: During routine monitoring it was found that the discharge from a stormwater outlet at the end of Blyde Wharf, at Port Taranaki, was discoloured brown and turbid. The receiving waters were discoloured for approximately 20 metres from the discharge point. A sample of the discharge was taken. Analysis of samples found that the suspended solid levels were above allowable limits in consent conditions and was also in contravention with previously issued Abatement Notice EAC-22662. A letter of explanation was received.								
19 Jun 2020 <u>Update</u>	332120-163 ENF-22571	Compliance Monitoring Insp.	Significant non- compliance	Herd Properties Limited (70488)	R2/10808- 1.0	EAC-23426 - Abatement Notice EAC-23425 - Explanation Requested - Letter	Investigation Continuing		

Comments: During routine monitoring it was found that stormwater from disturbed areas was not directed through silt and sediment controls at a development site at Pohutukawa Place, Bell Block. Significant amounts of silt and sediment laden stormwater was discharging off site and into the stormwater network. Analysis of samples taken during the inspection found that suspended solid levels were above allowable limits in resource consent conditions. Enforcement action is being considered.

Compliance Monitoring - Non-compliances for the period 01 Jul 2020 to 13 Aug 2020

Inspection Date	Job Number IRIS ID	Inspection Type	Compliance Status	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Action Taken	Recommendation
02 Jul 2020	332121-008 ENF-22606	Annual Inspection	Non-compliance	The Tom Lance Trust (51397)	R2/3312-3.1	EAC-23465 - Explanation Requested - Inspection Notice	Investigation Continuing
2020, in contra during previou	avention of Abate is monitoring. Th	ement Notice EAC- e dip tube is require	22773 issued as a re ed before an automa	tion volume limits had been contraver esult of previous non-compliances. Als tic ground level recording device can on is being considered.	so it was found th	at no dip tube had been insta	lled as instructed ´
		Annual	Non-compliance	Kohi Investments Limited (17477)	R2/5896-2.0	EAC-23464 - Abatement	No Further Action
03 Jul 2020	332121-010 ENF-22608	Inspection		,		Notice	At This Stage
Comments: D 2020 and 26 M	ENF-22608 During routine and March 2020. An a	Inspection alysis of abstraction	n data (27 July 2020)), it was found that abstraction rates h vorks to be undertaken to ensure reso		ened on numerous occasions	between 13 January
	ENF-22608 During routine and March 2020. An a	Inspection alysis of abstraction	n data (27 July 2020)			ened on numerous occasions	between 13 January
Comments: D 2020 and 26 M December 202 06 Jul 2020 Comments: D	ENF-22608 During routine and March 2020. An a 20. 332121-007 ENF-22609 During routine mo	Inspection alysis of abstraction abatement notice w Compliance Monitoring Insp.	n data (27 July 2020) as issued requiring v Non-compliance	vorks to be undertaken to ensure reso	R2/10798-1.0	ened on numerous occasions mpliance. Reinspection will ta	between 13 January ke place after 1 No Further Action At This Stage

Compliance Monitoring - Non-compliances for the period 01 Jul 2020 to 13 Aug 2020

Inspection Date	Job Number IRIS ID	Inspection Type	Compliance Status	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Action Taken	Recommendation		
15 Jul 2020	332121-002 ENF-22580	Annual Inspection	Significant non- compliance	St George By The Sea Limited (50987)	R2/1466-3	EAC-23424 - Explanation Requested - Letter	Investigation Continuing		
				effluent disposal system was not op o land. The issues were rectified at t					
20 Jul 2020	332121-005 ENF-22594	Annual Inspection	Non-compliance	Ample Group Limited (52845)	R2/5176-2.0	EAC-23439 - Explanation Requested - Inspection Notice	Investigation Continuing		
				raction data logger was not working taction is being considered.	and no abstraction	n records were available at a	property at Mountain		
27 Jul 2020	332121-003 ENF-22586	Compliance Monitoring Insp.	Non-compliance	Waste Remediation Services Limited (50821)	R2/5956-2.0		No Further Action/Costs Recovered		
liners was cor	Comments: During routine monitoring it was found that a landfarm was not operating within resource consent conditions at Lower Manutahi Road, Manutahi. One of the pit liners was compromised and the pit contained waste. An explanation was received and accepted. There was no evidence of any environmental effects. Reinspection found that the site was compliant with resource consent conditions.								
30 Jul 2020	332121-004 ENF-22590	Office Assessment	Non-compliance	Burgess Crowley Partnership (67500)	R2/7964-1.1	EAC-23436 - Abatement Notice	Investigation Continuing		
water abstract	Comments: During routine monitoring it was found that no data had been received for the 2018-2019 and 2019-2020 period and that there was no staff gauge located at a vater abstraction site at East Road, Stratford. An abatement notice was issued requiring resource consent conditions to be complied with at all times. Compliance with the batement notice will be ascertained during the next monitoring period. Further enforcement action is being considered.								

Compliance Monitoring - Non-compliances for the period 01 Jul 2020 to 13 Aug 2020

Inspection Date	Job Number IRIS ID	Inspection Type	Compliance Status	Alleged Responsible Party	Consent Number	Action Taken	Recommendation
12 Aug 2020	332121-009 ENF-22607	Annual Inspection	Non-compliance	KL & DE Harvey Family Trusts Partnership (3499)	R2/2309-3.0		Investigation Continuing
	Ouring routine mo		nd that the dairy efflu	ent disposal system was not operatin	g within resource	consent conditions at Kina R	oad, Rahotu.
12 Aug 2020	332121-006 ENF-22603	Compliance Monitoring Insp.	Non-compliance	Forgotten Farms Limited (68504) Growing Gold Limited (72011)	R2/10710-1.1 R2/10711-1.1	EAC-23459 - Abatement Notice	Investigation Continuing

Comments: During routine monitoring it was found that there were insufficient sediment controls installed and sediment was entering water at a forest harvesting site at Arnold Road, Pohokura. An abatement notice was issued requiring works to be undertaken to ensure compliance with resource consent conditions. Reinspection will be undertaken after 26 August 2020.



Date 1 September 2020

Subject: Prosecution Sentencing Decision - Mr P Potroz

Approved by: A D McLay, Director - Resource Management

M J Nield, Acting Chief Executive

Document: 2568152

Purpose

 The purpose of this memorandum is to update Members on the prosecution of Mr Phillip Potroz, for a breach of the Regional Fresh Water Plan for Taranaki involving the discharge of silt/sediment onto land and into water, diverting water, disturbing and reclaiming the bed of an unnamed tributary of the Kahouri Stream in January and February 2019.

Executive summary

- 2. The Council responded to public complaints, undertook an investigation and applied the Enforcement Policy (2017).
- 3. The result is a successful prosecution and reasonably high fine. The sentencing decision provides insight into the rational for the decision. The decision also acknowledges the effects of the activity on cultural values held by Hapu.

Recommendation

That the Taranaki Regional Council:

a) <u>receives</u> this report and notes the successful outcome of the prosecution against Mr Phillip Potroz.

Background

 The environmental incident was considered by the Chief Executive, acting under delegated authority from the Council, and the decision to prosecute was presented to the Committee, for information purposes, on 23 July 2019.

Incident

5. In summary, the prosecution relates to various river works, including unauthorised damming (3 metre high) and reclaimation of approximately 250 metres of an unnamed tributary of the Kahouri Stream within the Patea catchment. The purpose of the activity

was to create a farm water supply. This resulted in significant environmental effects within the 250 metre stretch of stream where the works were undertaken and also resulted in water backing up on a neighbouring property for approximately 90 metres, partially flooding the mature, native riparian vegetation on the property.

Prosecution update

- 6. Three charges were laid against Mr Potroz for offences against section 13 (1)(e), 14(2)(a), 15(1)(b) and section 338(1)(c) of the RMA in January and February 2019.
- 7. The defendant pleaded guilty to the charges. Sentencing was passed on 4 August 2020 and notes of Judge Dickey on sentencing are attached. The rationale for the decision is set out in the judgement and a number of factors are considered in determining the sentence. The fine reflects the seriousness of the incident.
- 8. Mr Potroz was fined \$45,500 on three charges.

Decision-making considerations

9. Part 6 (Planning, decision-making and accountability) of the *Local Government Act* 2002 has been considered and documented in the preparation of this agenda item. The recommendations made in this item comply with the decision-making obligations of the *Act*.

Financial considerations—LTP/Annual Plan

10. This memorandum and the associated recommendations are consistent with the Council's adopted Long-Term Plan and estimates. Any financial information included in this memorandum has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice.

Policy considerations

11. This memorandum and the associated recommendations are consistent with the policy documents and positions adopted by this Council under various legislative frameworks including, but not restricted to, the *Local Government Act* 2002, the *Resource Management Act* 1991 and the *Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act* 1987.

lwi considerations

- 12. This memorandum and the associated recommendations are consistent with the Council's policy for the development of Māori capacity to contribute to decision-making processes (schedule 10 of the *Local Government Act* 2002) as outlined in the adopted long-term plan and/or annual plan. Similarly, iwi involvement in adopted work programmes has been recognised in the preparation of this memorandum.
- 13. Nga Ruahine Iwi have actively been involved in the prosecution and the issuing of resource consents. A victim impact statement was supplied for sentencing and the Judge, in paragraph 37, acknowledges the cultural effects were significant and highly adverse.

Legal considerations

14. This memorandum and the associated recommendations comply with the appropriate statutory requirements imposed upon the Council.

Appendices/Attachments

Document 2560362: Sentencing Decision - Potroz

IN THE DISTRICT COURT AT NEW PLYMOUTH

I TE KŌTI-Ā-ROHE KI NGĀMOTU

CRI-2019-021-000435 [2020] NZDC 9077

TARANAKI REGIONAL COUNCIL

Prosecutor

 \mathbf{v}

PHILLIP LEWIS JOHN ALBERT POTROZ

Defendant

Hearing: 13 March 2020

Appearances: KJL de Silva for the prosecutor

PJ Mooney for the defendant

Judgment: 4 August 2020

SENTENCING DECISION OF JUDGE MJL DICKEY

Introduction

- [1] The defendant has pleaded guilty to three representative charges under sections 13, 14 and 15 of the Resource Management Act 1991 (Act). The charges are that on dates unknown between 21 January and 5 February 2019 the defendant undertook the following activities involving an unnamed tributary of the Kahouri Stream:
 - (a) drained the bed of a river; and
 - (b) dammed water; and
 - (c) discharged contaminants, namely sediment and riparian vegetation, into water;

TARANAKI REGIONAL COUNCIL v PHILLIP LEWIS JOHN ALBERT POTROZ [2020] NZDC 9077

when those activities were not expressly allowed under the Act or by a national environmental standard, a rule in a Regional Plan or a resource consent. The charges relate to a dry stock farm on Pembroke Road, Upper Stratford (**Farm**).

- [2] The maximum penalty for each charge is a fine not exceeding \$300,000 or a term of imprisonment not exceeding two years. It was agreed between counsel that a fine is the appropriate sentencing response, and I agree. There has been no suggestion that the defendant should be discharged without conviction and he is convicted accordingly.
- [3] The differences between counsel were in respect of the starting point that I should adopt, with the prosecutor submitting that an appropriate starting point is \$70,000. For the defendant, Mr Mooney submitted that a starting point of between \$35,000 \$40,000 would be appropriate.

Regulatory framework¹

- [4] Sections 13, 14 and 15 of the Act are relevant, as are Rules 59 and 74 of the Regional Freshwater Plan for Taranaki (**RFWP**).
- [5] Section 13 restricts certain uses of the beds of lakes and rivers. Section 13(1)(e) provides that no person may, in relation to the bed of any lake or river, reclaim or drain the bed unless expressly allowed by a national environmental standard, a rule in a regional plan as well as a rule in a proposed regional plan for the same region (if there is one) or a resource consent.
- [6] Section 14 of the Act imposes certain restrictions relating to water. Section 14(2)(a) provides that no person may dam water other than open coastal water unless the damming is allowed by s 14(3). Section 14(3) provides that a person is not prohibited by subsection (2) from damming any water if the damming is expressly allowed by a national environmental standard, a rule in a regional plan as well as a rule in a proposed regional plan for the same region (if there is one) or a resource consent; or, in the case of fresh water, the water is required to be taken or used for an

¹ Summary of Facts, paragraphs 1 and 13.

individual's reasonable domestic needs or the reasonable needs of the person's animals for drinking water and the taking or use does not, or is not likely to, have an adverse effect on the environment.

- [7] Section 15 of the Act controls the discharge of contaminants into the environment. Section 15(1)(a) and (b) provide that no person may discharge any contaminant or water into water; or contaminant onto or into land in circumstances which may result in that contaminant (or any other contaminant emanating as a result of natural processes from that contaminant) entering water, unless the discharge is expressly allowed by a national environmental standard or other regulations, a rule in a regional plan as well as a rule in a proposed regional plan for the same region (if there is one), or a resource consent.
- [8] Rule 59 of the RFWP permits the construction, placement and use of a dam subject to conditions. Rule 74 of the RFWP permits the realignment or modification of a stream or river subject to conditions.

Background and offending²

- [9] The Farm is identified in the Computer Freehold Register as TND4/733. It does not have an address assigned to it. Mr Potroz's family trust owns the Farm. He has farmed in the area for approximately 45 years.
- [10] The Farm consists of approximately 400 hectares of flat to undulating land. It is used for a mixture of dairy and dry stock farming. The area where the works occurred is predominantly used for dry stock farming operations.
- [11] The Farm is located within the upper portions of the Patea catchment in the immediate vicinity of the Egmont National Park. There are a number of natural streams that intersect the Farm which flow in an easterly direction, and discharge into a number of various named streams before entering the Patea River. The tributaries are best described as rocky mountain streams of varying size up to approximately five metres in width.

² Summary of Facts, paragraphs 2-26.

[12] The works occurred in an unnamed tributary of the Kahouri Stream, located approximately 600 metres downstream of the boundary with the Egmont National Park. The Kahouri Stream flows into the Patea River to the east of Stratford. The Patea Catchment is identified in the Regional Freshwater Plan for Taranaki as having excellent to good water quality in the upper reaches and high aesthetic, scenic and recreational values.

History of non-compliance

- [13] Mr Potroz and his wife hold resource consents 0676-2 and 2210-3 (**Resource Consents**) to discharge farm dairy effluent in association with their dairy farming activities.
- [14] Between October 2005 and November 2017, five abatement notices were issued to Mr Potroz and his wife for non-compliance with the Resource Consents.

Offending on dates unknown between 21 January and 5 February 2019 (3 representative charges)

- [15] Mr Potroz carried out a significant amount of earthworks on the Farm in and around a 260 metre section of an unnamed tributary of the Kahouri Stream (**Tributary**).
- [16] The works breached a number of conditions of permitted activity Rules 59 and 74 in the RFWP. The works were undertaken in contravention of ss 13(1)(e), 14(2)(a), and 15(1)(a) and (b) of the Act. No resource consent was obtained to authorise the works.
- [17] On 4 February 2019, a complaint was received from a member of the public regarding stream works undertaken on the Farm. A Taranaki Regional Council (TRC) Officer spoke with the complainant about the alleged works. A decision was made to investigate the complaint the following day to allow sufficient time to fully document the extent of the works and any potential adverse effects arising from the activity.

- [18] On 5 February 2019, TRC Enforcement Officers and the TRC's Rivers Manager (Daniel Harrison) inspected the Farm. They found that the following work had been undertaken:
 - A three-metre-high earth dam had been constructed across the Tributary approximately eight metres downstream of the property boundary.
 - A small area of the Tributary had been excavated immediately upstream of the dam to construct a pond.
 - The dam resulted in water backing up within the banks of the Tributary extending 90 metres upstream. This resulted in the submersion (both full and partial) of mature, natural riparian vegetation along the Tributary banks.
 - Flow within the Tributary at the time of the inspection was low, with most
 of the water from the Tributary being collected at the dam and drained
 through a 50mm gravity fed Alkathene pipe to a concrete storage tank for
 water supply purposes on the Farm.
 - Any excess water overflowed from the concrete tank and re-entered the Tributary 250 metres downstream of the earth dam.
 - Mature riparian vegetation had been removed by digger from the Tributary's banks extending 250 metres downstream of the dam. The riparian vegetation had been placed upon the natural bed of the Tributary throughout the length of Tributary that was subject to the works.
 - A digger was used to bench into the Tributary bank along the true right bank.
 The earth from the creation of the bench was placed upon the riparian vegetation overtop of the dry Tributary bed.
 - The earth placed upon the Tributary bed was found to be of varying depths and unconsolidated.
 - No alternative spillway or flow path had been installed at the dam to cope with increased flows during wet weather or natural seasonal variation. Any increased flow which exceeded the capacity of the gravity fed Alkathene

pipe would have resulted in the overtopping of the dam and the discharge of water through the 250 metre section of unconsolidated earth within the buried section of Tributary.

[19] The Officers took photos and video footage both on the ground and via a drone during the inspection.

Abatement Notices

- [20] On 8 February 2019 two abatement notices were served on Mr Potroz and Lorraine Potroz:
 - (a) Abatement Notice No. EAC-22509 required the recipients to immediately cease and not recommence earthworks activities in contravention of Rules 59 and 74 of the RFWP;
 - (b) Abatement Notice No. EAC-22510 required the recipients to install silt and sediment controls and ensure that any discharge from the disturbed areas is directed through the silt controls by 11 February 2019.
- [21] On 20 February 2019, Abatement Notice No. EAC-22523 was served on Mr Potroz and Lorraine Potroz. The Notice required, among other matters, the recipients to instruct a Chartered Professional Engineer and an Erosion and Sediment Control Expert to prepare a plan with a design for works to either authorise the diversion works or reinstate the Tributary that had been modified.

Explanation

- [22] On 8 April 2019, the defendant was formally interviewed by TRC Officers. The Summary of Facts records that Mr Potroz provided the following information (*inter alia*)³.
 - a) The Farm was farmed as a dairy farm until this season when it was converted to dry stock farming
 - b) There has always been a gravity fed water system from the Tributary. This system supplies stock water to approximately 150 acres of the Farm

³ Summary of Facts, paragraph 23.

- c) There was originally a 200 mm deep pond at the upper boundary which supplied water to the gravity fed water supply via an Alkathene pipe
- d) The Alkathene pipe was laid upon the Tributary bed running down to the concrete tank
- e) During rainfall events, sticks would wash down the Tributary from the mountain and would block the water intake or during larger floods the Alkathene pipe would get damaged. This would result in stock having no drinking water
- f) The idea was to dig a pond adjacent to the current pond and divert the Tributary into the pond
- g) The gravity fed water intake would be placed within the pond and a grate was to be placed in the channel at the entry to the pond to prevent sticks from entering the pond and potentially blocking the water intake.
- h) A channel would have then been dug from the pond, along the northern boundary where it would re-enter the Tributary at the lower extend of the current works
- i) The original Tributary bed was then to be filled in and re-contoured to create one flat paddock
- j) "I'd like to say I'd thought about the fish and the eels and all that, but I really probably didn't"
- k) The works plan, and the design of the realigned Tributary was the defendant's idea. He also undertook the earthworks using a digger which he owns
- l) He wasn't aware that what he was doing was wrong and if he thought the works were wrong then he wouldn't have done it

Subsequent events

Re-inspections

[23] From 8 February 2019 a number of re-inspections were undertaken to assess compliance with the abatement notices issued in February 2019. TRC officers confirmed that the requirements of the abatement notices had been complied with.

Resource Consent

[24] A retrospective resource consent was granted to the defendant on 3 March 2020 (**Retrospective Resource Consent**). The purpose of the application for consent was to address the work that had been undertaken by the defendant. It requires that the Tributary is to be reinstated to its original channel. Rock, riprap and riffles were to be placed within the channel to provide scour protection. The prosecutor advised the Court that the revegetation management plan is intended to largely

replicate the environment that existed prior to the unauthorised works, but that it will take up to 50 years for the habitat to fully develop.⁴

Sentencing principles

[25] Against that background I adopt a starting point for the fine. The purpose and principles of sentencing under the Sentencing Act 2002 (SA) are relevant insofar as they are engaged by a particular case. Counsel referred me to the sentencing principles for prosecutions under the SA set out by the High Court in *Thurston v Manawatu-Wanganui Regional Council*.⁵ The Court set out considerations that frequently assume relevance in sentencing under the Act, which include an assessment of the offender's culpability for the offending, any infrastructural or other precautions taken to prevent the discharges, the vulnerability or ecological importance of the affected environment, the extent of the environmental damage, deterrence, the offender's capacity to pay a fine, disregard for abatement notice or council requirements, remedial steps taken to mitigate the offending or prevent future offending, and cooperation with enforcement authorities.

Environmental effects of the offending⁶

- [26] Attached to the Summary of Facts were three reports that detailed the effects of the works that had been undertaken:
 - (a) 'Report on Damming and diversion of an unnamed tributary of Kahouri Stream and deposition of material in the channel at the Potroz Farm' by Daniel Harrison (Rivers Manager) to TRC dated 12 August 2019 (Harrison Report). It addressed the effects of the construction of the dam and associated works on the stability and hydro-geological characteristics of the Tributary;
 - (b) 'Report on assessment of effects on freshwater fish in relation to works in an unnamed tributary of the Kahouri Stream' by Padraig Deegan, employed

⁴ Prosecutor's submissions, paragraph 20.

⁵ Thurston v Manawatu-Wanganui Regional Council, HC, Palmerston North, CRI-2009-454-24, 25,27 August 2010, paragraphs [39]-[51].

⁶ Summary of Facts, paragraphs 27-29.

by TRC as an environmental scientist – Freshwater Biology, undated (**Deegan Report**). It addressed the adverse effects on the freshwater fish communities as a result of the earthworks; and

(c) 'Report on bio-monitoring of an unnamed tributary of the Kahouri Stream in relation to unauthorised works at the Potroz Farm' by Brookby Thomas, an environmental scientist employed by TRC, dated 12 August 2019 (Thomas Report). The report outlined the results and analysis of a biomonitoring survey of the Tributary.

Effects of the damming and diversion

[27] The Harrison Report concluded that the work undertaken to modify the Tributary has caused significant adverse effects on the environment and had and still has the potential to cause further adverse effects on the environment.

[28] It described the effects as follows: ⁷

Adverse effects include: pollution of water and the downstream stream bed from a discharge of silt and sediment; habitat loss in downstream reaches caused by silt and sediment smothering stream bed gravels and cobbles; habitat loss caused by the destruction of the stream bed over the modified reach

Potential adverse effects include: ongoing silt and sediment loss caused by disturbed earth; erosion of the tributary and associated further silt and sediment loss; destruction of an unmodified high naturalness waterway that could potentially take decades to recover; detriment to natural geomorphic processes.

Had the work continued as planned without intervention from TRC there would have been potential for further adverse effects including: permanent loss of habitat; detriment to natural geomorphic processes and gravel transport; ongoing erosion and silt and sediment loss.

Despite the modification works being halted prior to being completed, the adverse effects from the initial work and the poorly executed remediation works have been significant and will continue for several years.

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⁷ Harrison Report, page 10.

Effects on freshwater fish

[29] The Deegan Report described the catchment in which the Tributary is located as being known to contain populations of a diverse range of species, of which many are transported throughout the catchment by a trap and transfer programme related to the Patea Dam. One release location for selected juvenile Galaxias species and shortfin and longfin eel elva is directly below the Kahouri Stream.

[30] Mr Deegan reported that it was not possible to assess the habitat within the 260m reach of the Tributary where the works had been undertaken as it had been filled with a mixture of riparian vegetation slash and dirt at the time. However, historical aerial photographs from 2017 showing the site suggest that the affected Tributary habitat was likely of similar condition to that of the upstream and downstream habitats outside the affected reach, as there was a mature riparian buffer recently present that would have now been the tree slash currently within the Tributary. Mr Deegan described the habitat as follows:

... Habitat diversity and quality was high both upstream and downstream of the site, with a variety of pool, riffle, run, woody, and undercut bank habitat features present. This habitat would support a variety of fish species. It is expected that as a minimum, at least koura, longfin eel, shortfin eel, common bully, upland bully, and Cran's bully would have been found within the tributary reach. It is expected that any other of the identified fish species, if present, would be in very low densities. The conservation status of these species ranged from Not Threatened, At Risk – Declining, and Nationally Vulnerable, while two are Introduced and Naturalised Sportfish (Dunn et al, 2017). Seven of the species were considered 'regionally significant' (TRC, 2016). 8

. . .

Overall, I believe the earthworks, damming, and piping of the Tributary has resulted in the significant loss of and loss of access to high quality habitat for a variety of fish species. The works have likely resulted in the deaths of a significant number of fish over several fish species, some of which may have had a conservation status of at risk declining and that were possibly nationally vulnerable, and that were also regionally significant. There is a range of other potential effects that could have possibly occurred, and likely occurred, although the significance of these effects cannot be definitively established. This is due to the lack of knowledge of prework baseline conditions downstream of the Works area as well as the length of time between the investigation and Works, likely making an effect too difficult to detect such as with evidence of fish strandings.⁹

⁸ Deegan Report, page 9.

⁹ Deegan Report, page 10.

Effects on Biota and Macro Invertebrates

The Thomas Report concluded:¹⁰ [31]

Overall, in my professional opinion, the unauthorised Works in the tributary has resulted in significant loss of quality habitat, which would support a macroinvertebrate community of 'good' health. It has resulted in the displacement and likely death of numerous streambed macro invertebrates. In addition, these Works have likely resulted in the discharge of sediment to the tributary, which could impact biota for hundreds of metres downstream.

Extent of the damage to the Tributary

[32] I was also provided with an excerpt from a report accompanying the application for the Retrospective Resource Consent dated 9 July 2019. The report entitled 'The Kahouri Stream Rehabilitation Report' (Rehabilitation Report) was undertaken by BTW Company for the Potroz Family Trust. The Rehabilitation Report described the extent of the damage to the Tributary as follows:¹¹

4 Streambed rehabilitation

It is recognized the unnamed tributary of the Kahouri Stream has undergone a catastrophic loss to its hydrological and geomorphic features, but also the destruction of the ecosystem function and habitats that previously were located in this stream. Therefore, to fully restore the unnamed tributary of the Kahouri stream is going to take significant time with continued active intervention and management.

The applicant has agreed 'to put back what was there' in the original form predisturbance. However, replicating both instream hydrological features and ecologically restoring the indigenous vegetation to a pre-disturbance state could be expected to take up to 50 years. Therefore, these works should be monitored by the regulatory authorities (those being TRC and SDC) and not the landowner. It is also recognised this stream rehabilitation will require far more regulatory oversight to ensure the rehabilitation is successful, such as annually [sic] site inspections and reporting functions inside both the TRC and SDC resource consents. ...

For the defendant, it was submitted that the length of the Tributary that had [33] been closed in was approximately 260m, and that it is not clear how far below the reentry point the Tributary had also been affected. Particular reference was made to the Thomas Report and the fact that the number of taxa had reduced from 20 upstream of

¹⁰ Thomas Report, page 8.

¹¹ The Kahouri Stream Rehabilitation Report dated 31 May 2019, BTW Company, page 8, section 4.

the dam to 17 immediately below the reach, to 14 at the point 140m downstream. It was submitted, therefore, that the effects of the unauthorised works did not extend to any significant extent beyond the immediate vicinity of the works.¹²

Victim impact statements

[34] Two victim impact statements from members of the Ōkahu Inuāwai hapū were submitted prior to the hearing. Darryl Parehana Te Rata Katene and Cathy Esme Katene each provided a written statement.

Mr Katene advised that over the past five to six years he has actively [35] participated as a cultural observer in monitoring any awa, ngahere me nga whenua. He stated that this "mahi has given me the ability to reconnect, understand and walk the path of the lives of my tupuna that walked the rohe before my grandparents, parents and my time with their nature connection with the maunga, ngahere, awa and whenua". 13 He feels that Mr Potroz's actions have "hindered my ability to reconnect from a Matauranga Māori me mauri" which has deprived his whanau, hapū and himself of the ability to align the imagery of the waiata, karakia, moteatea with their ngahere, wai, whenua, Matauranga Māori me mauri and walk their path. He stated that the native trees that were destroyed for the sake of stock were generations old, "that we will never witness the beauty of Tane Mahuta, the bird life that would have nestled in those trees or experience the sight in my generation...". 15 He wanted the Court to understand and "point out that we need to put a stop to the actions of individuals as it prevents, hinders and creates barriers for our generational roles as kaitiaki".16

[36] A statement was also provided from Cathy Esme' Katene, who is the Mana Taio Lead for Ōkahu Inuāwai (me etehi atu) Hapū o Ngaruahine. Having described the three offences, Ms Katene outlined the mauri of the river and the effects of the diversions. She stated that "the damage has been done, there is no recovery or

¹² Defendant's submissions, paragraph 12.

¹³ Statement of Darryl Parehana Te Rata Katene dated 11 March 2020 (Statement of Darryl Katene), page 1.

¹⁴ Statement of Darryl Katene page 3.

¹⁵ Statement of Darryl Katene page 3.

¹⁶ Statement of Darryl Katene page 3.

restoration of the stream, the mauri of the stream has gone, mahunga kai downstream is depleted".¹⁷ She asked that "the Court share my pain in the loss of the mauri of the awa, mauri within the awa, mauri of the flora, fauna and whenua…"¹⁸

[37] In assessing the effects on the environment, I rely on the reports that were annexed to the Summary of Facts, the Rehabilitation Report, and on the Victim Impact Statements provided to the Court. The adverse effects of the damming and diversion were significant; there has been a significant loss of access to high quality habitat for a variety of fish species; there has likely been deaths of a significant number of fish over several fish species, some of which may have had a conservation status of at risk - declining and that were possibly nationally vulnerable; the displacement of likely a tenth of numerous streambed macroinvertebrates and impact on biota for hundreds of metres downstream; and a range of other potential adverse effects. The Rehabilitation Report graphically described the catastrophic loss to the Tributary's hydrological and geomorphic features, but also the destruction of the ecosystem function and habitats that previously were located in the Tributary. The Report's authors noted that full restoration of the Tributary is "going to take significant time with continued active intervention and management.¹⁹ Further, the cultural effects have been described by the Ōkahu Inuāwai Hapū and are deeply felt. I determine that the effects of the works on the environment were significant and highly adverse.

Culpability of the defendant

[38] For the prosecutor it was submitted that the offending was highly reckless. Ms de Silva submitted that the work was undertaken to improve farm productivity; it should have been apparent to Mr Potroz that the Tributary was of high quality and contained a number of species of fish; there was no attempt to comply at the time the work was done. Further, that as Mr Potroz has farmed for 45 years and holds two resource consents for the dairy farms owned by his family trusts, he must have been aware that he needed a resource consent for the work, and if he was unsure he should have checked with the Council. Counsel highlighted Mr Potroz's statement to the Council to the effect that he wasn't aware that what he was doing was wrong, and if

¹⁷ Statement of Cathy Esme' Katene dated 11 March 2020, section 3.

¹⁸ Statement of Cathy Esme' Katene, section 3.

¹⁹ Rehabilitation Report, page 8, section 4.

he thought the works were wrong then he wouldn't have done it, and "I'd like to say I'd thought about the fish and the eels and all that, but I really probably didn't".²⁰

- [39] For the defendant Mr Mooney acknowledged that the work was deliberate and that Mr Potroz had freely admitted as such. He submitted that it is unfortunate that at his age he failed to grasp the importance of complying with the various resource management obligations. He referred to the defendant's motivation for the work, which was described as a need for a reliable water source for his stock. He described the water inlet from a ponded area at the top side of the property from which water travelled via an Alkathene pipe to a holding tank that had previously been used. He said, however, that unfortunately the water inlet to the pipe would often become blocked or indeed the pipe itself sometimes damaged. He stated that the defendant decided that if he increased the size of the pond, he could develop a better intake for the piping, which would then provide a more consistent water supply to the holding tank. The defendant believed that, if he redirected the Tributary to approximately follow an existing fence line, then it could re-enter the Tributary a little way downstream. In doing so he would provide a greater protection for the Alkathene pipe, which had previously followed the Tributary itself.
- [40] There is no escaping the fact that a significant amount of works was undertaken in and around a 260m section of the Tributary. Mr Petroz undertook the earthworks himself, using a digger which he owns. Mr Potroz freely admitted that he had undertaken the works and that it had never occurred to him that a resource consent would be required. He stated that if he thought the works were wrong then he would not have done them.
- [41] It is clear that no steps were taken by Mr Potroz to undertake the works in a way that would protect the fish life and the flow of water in the Tributary. It is clear that his absolute focus was on creating a larger pond for the purpose of water supply for the Farm. He showed no regard for the environment in which he undertook the works and took no steps to ameliorate the effects of the works. I find that Mr Potroz was highly reckless in his approach to trying to resolve his water supply issues.

²⁰ Summary of Facts, paragraph 23(j).

Starting point

[42] The Court is required to take into account the general desirability of consistency with appropriate sentence levels in respect of similar offending. Counsel both referred me to a number of cases they said were relevant in setting the starting point: *Taranaki Regional Council v Bunn Earthmoving Ltd* (*Bunn*),²¹ *Otago Regional Council v Gibson* (*Gibson*),²² *R v Boyd* (*Boyd*)²³ and *Hardegger & Hardegger Trustees Ltd v Southland Regional Council* (*Hardegger*)²⁴.

[43] Ms de Silva submitted that the *Bunn* case is the most similar to this case. In *Bunn* there were three charges for continuing offences over a six-week period. Work had been undertaken on a farm owned by the defendant's family trust. A stretch of tributary in the order of 400m long was disturbed and largely obliterated. The work was found to be seriously detrimental to the stream environment and discernible effects were shown to extend for up to 1.3km. It was not possible to reinstate the tributary to its original condition. Mr Bunn was an earthmoving contractor and found to be well aware of the need to obtain resource consents to undertake work in streams. Further, there was found to be a financial motive in undertaking the works, which were for farm improvement purposes. A starting point of \$70,000 was imposed.

[44] In *Gibson* the defendant disturbed the Pool Burn (River). The work involved the removal of vegetation over a distance of about 1.3km and mobilised sediment in the waterbody. The Court recorded the disturbance and degradation of habitats of fish and invertebrates living in the streambed and impacts on fish due to increased turbidity. It was noted that the waterway was originally a significant brown trout fishery and the work was undertaken in the middle of the trout spawning season. The Court adopted a starting point of \$30,000 for the individuals and \$20,000 for the company involved.

[45] Ms de Silva noted that in *Boyd*, the circumstances of that case were more serious, but that the starting point was \$60,000. In that case the defendant cut a

²¹ Taranaki Regional Council v Bunn Earthmoving Ltd (Bunn) CRI-2013-021-473, DC New Plymouth, 5 November 2013.

²² Otago Regional Council v Gibson (Gibson) [2016] NZDC 14362.

²³ R v Boyd (**Boyd**) [2016] NZDC 16558.

²⁴ Hardegger & Hardegger Trustees Ltd v Southland Regional Council (Hardegger) [2017] NZHC 469.

channel 430m long in a direct line to transact the strongly meandering pattern of a stream that crossed his farm. It was found that something in the order of 970m of the original stream was affected either directly or ephemerally and that the work had a significant impact on the environment of the stream. There were no attempts made to comply at the time the work was done. It was noted that although there was no direct profit from the offending, the motivation was a combination of improvement of the farm's appearance and financial in terms of a more efficient working of that part of the farm. In that case the Court adopted a starting point of \$60,000.

- [46] Hardegger involved an appeal against an earlier fine. That case involved excavations of the bed of a river, the straightening of a bend in the river to make fencing of the waterway possible, and the placement of a culvert in the bed of the river. Potential and actual effects on the river were identified. An overall starting point of \$50,000 was imposed.
- [47] For the defendant, Mr Mooney submitted that the gravity of the offending is not as serious as the cases referred to, that the offending occurred over a significantly shorter length of waterway and had a much smaller downstream effect. He also submitted that the defendant has gone to great expense to reinstate the waterway. He submitted that a starting point of between \$35,000-\$40,000 would be appropriate. That is to be contrasted with the position of the prosecutor, who submitted that a starting point of \$70,000 should be set on the basis that the offending was in a sensitive waterway which was the habitat of At Risk Declining, Nationally Vulnerable and Regionally Significant fish; the type of offending can go undetected when it is undertaken without a consent, and that the Council will usually only discover the activity via a complaint (as happened here); the work was undertaken to improve the Farm.
- [48] Ms de Silva also submitted that when considering starting points in earlier cases, an uplift in the level of fines is needed over time (not only to take into account inflation).
- [49] I have considered the cases to which I was referred, but note that each case largely depends on its own circumstances. Having regard to the extent and seriousness

of the effects of the works undertaken, the cultural effects of the offending, the defendant's culpability which I categorise as highly reckless, and the need for deterrence, I consider it is appropriate to set a starting point of \$65,000.

Aggravating and mitigating factors

- [50] No aggravating factors are apparent. The Summary of Facts outlined a history of non-compliance relating to the discharge of dairy farm effluent, and the issuing of five abatement notices to the defendant and his wife for non-compliance with resource consents relating to the discharge of dairy farm effluent. I note that the most recent abatement notice was in November of 2017. However, I received no submissions regarding that history, and whether or not it should be taken into account in sentencing. Given that they relate to a different issue, and did not result in prosecutions, I do not take that into account.
- [51] Ms de Silva accepted that Mr Potroz entered a guilty plea at the earliest opportunity and that he had fully cooperated with the Council investigation, expressed remorse and immediately instructed consulting engineers, BTW Company, to provide advice and form a plan for remedial works and apply for a retrospective resource consent. I was informed that the Retrospective Resource Consent has largely been implemented and that the Council is satisfied with the works undertaken. Ms de Silva submitted, however, that the defendant should not be given credit for his application for resource consent and the reinstatement work because he must comply with environmental obligations and should not get any credit for having belatedly done so.
- [52] The Council accepted however, that Mr Potroz should be given a discount of five percent from the starting point because of his level of cooperation. Mr Mooney submitted that the defendant's remorse and expenditure on remediating the works undertaken should result in a discount of 10 percent.
- [53] I do not consider that it is appropriate to make any allowance for the retrospective resource consent that has been obtained and the works undertaken. That simply recognises that the works required a resource consent and that significant expenditure was required to put matters right. I am, however, prepared to accept that

Mr Potroz should be given an allowance of five percent because of the level of his cooperation following the discovery of the offending.

Guilty plea

[54] The prosecutor accepted that a discount to recognise the prompt plea of guilty is appropriate. The amount suggested was 25 percent. I accept that the full discount should be applied.²⁵

Ability to pay a fine

[55] Mr Mooney submitted that the defendant's finances are in a poor state, and that his position could be described as being asset-rich but income-poor. I was provided with a copy of his cashflow from the start of the current financial year to the end of January. Mr Mooney also submitted that the defendant has incurred significant costs to employ an engineer to design and construct remedial works. I was advised that, up until the end of January 2020, his total costs for both the engineer and TRC have amounted to \$66,497 and that Mr Potroz believes those costs are not yet at an end.

[56] I was advised that Mr Potroz is in a position to pay a fine in the region of that proposed by his lawyer, but that there would be difficulty in immediately paying the amount proposed by the prosecutor for a starting point. The issue is timing. Mr Mooney advised that if any fine could be paid over a six-month period, that would alleviate any issues. Prior to finalising my decision, I asked Mr Mooney if Mr Potroz could be in a position to pay the fine over a 12 month period. He confirmed he would be.

Moses v R

[57] Again, and prior to finalising my decision, I asked counsel if they agreed to my applying to this matter the two step sentencing methodology set out in the recent Court of Appeal decision of Moses v R.²⁶ They agreed, with the result being that the end fine will be \$45,500.

 $^{^{25}}$ In accordance with the principles set out in *Hessell v R*, [2011] NZLR 607. 26 *Moses v R* [2020] NZCA 296, 15 July 2020.

Consents and Regulatory Committee - Prosecution Sentencing Decision

19

Outcome

[58] Mr Potroz is fined the sum of \$45,500. I direct that 90 percent of that fine should be paid to the Council pursuant to s 342 of the Act. I allow a period of 12 months from the date of this decision for the fine to be paid.

Judge MJL Dickey District Court Judge

Date of authentication: 04/08/2020

In an electronic form, authenticated pursuant to Rule 2.2(2)(b) Criminal Procedure Rules 2012.

Consents and Regulatory Committee Public Excluded

In accordance with section 48(1) of the *Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act* 1987, <u>resolves</u> that the public is excluded from the following part of the proceedings of the Consents and Regulatory Committee Meeting on Tuesday 1 September 2020 for the following reason/s:

Item 8 - Public Excluded Minutes - 21 July 2020

THAT the public conduct of the whole or the relevant part of the proceedings of the meeting would be likely to result in the disclosure of information where the withholding of the information is necessary to protect information where the making available of the information would be likely unreasonably to prejudice the commercial position of the person who supplied or who is the subject of the information.

Item 9 - Schedule of Taranaki Regional Council Prosecutions

That the public conduct of the whole or the relevant part of the proceedings of the meeting would be likely to result in the disclosure of information where such disclosure would be likely to prejudice the maintenance of the law, including the prevention, investigation and detection of offences, and the right to a fair trial.

Item 10 - Prosecution

That the public conduct of the whole or the relevant part of the proceedings of the meeting would be likely to result in the disclosure of information where such disclosure would be likely to prejudice the maintenance of the law, including the prevention, investigation and detection of offences, and the right to a fair trial.