

Discharge of effluent to land

You may wish to consult with the Programme Lead, Primary Industries prior to applying, as this may save you time and money in the long run. We recommend that you consult with anyone who may be deemed an affected party by your proposal, including neighbours and tangata whenua. We are happy to provide you with the correct contact information and anything else you might require with regards to communication and engagement.

Farm dairy effluent discharge is subject to rules in the **Regional Fresh Water Plan for Taranaki**. This plan is on our website:

https://www.trc.govt.nz/regional-fresh-water-plan

Please name the Consents Officer or TRC staff	
member you have discussed your application with	

PART 1

1) Applicant Details - Please complete either (A), (B) or (C)

I apply for resource consent(s) under section 88 of the Resource Management Act 1991 (RMA)

${f A}$ – For individuals, you must provide the full names of all individuals such at John Robert Smith & Mary Jane Williams			
Full name/s of applicant (consent holder name) (Surname & First & Middle names)			
B – For Trusts/Partnerships you mu	st provide the full name of the Trust along with the Trustees or Partners		
Trusts/Partnership Name (if application will be on behalf of a trust			
Full name of Trustees/Partners (Surname, First & Middle names)			
C – For Companies and other incorporated entities you must provide the company name and registration number			
Company name			
Contact Person			
NZ Company Registration Number			

2) Applicant Contact Details

Applicants Contact Details (not con	sultants details)	
Applicants Postal address		
Applicants Residential Address (If different from		
postal address)		
Primary Contact Person		
Email Address		
Phone Numbers	Home/Business	Mobile

3) Consultant/Agent Details

Consultant/Agent Details (or person authorised to apply on behalf of applicant)				
Company Name				
Contact Person				
Postal address				
Phone Numbers (please select preferred contact number)	Home/Business			Mobile
Email Address				
Send all correspondence relating to this application(s), including invoices, to:			Applicant	
			Consultant	
Send correspondence and invoices once consents is granted to:			Applicant	
			Consultant	

4) Type of Resource Consent you are seeking

If you are replacing existing consent(s), please also record the consent number(s) in the space below. Please note that your existing consent will be surrendered on the granting of this application.			
Is this Application to replace an existing or expired consent(s)?	□ Yes	Νο	
If yes, state consent number(s)			

5) Location of Activity

Where will the activity occur?			
Dairy supply number			
Site Address (Including: Street/road name, number, and nearest settlement/town)			
Assessment/Valuation number (refer to land title or rates notice)			
Map reference/s NZTM Co-ordinates at point of activity	E	N	
Closest Waterbody Provide the name of the closest river or stream to the activity			

The Council encourages engagement with tangata whenua as part of the application process. For more information regarding engaging with tangata whenua please visit our website here <u>https://www.trc.govt.nz/environment/resource-consents/understanding-consents/tangata-whenua</u> The Consents team can support applicants to identify relevant iwi to contact if required. A list of iwi and hapū in the Taranaki region can be found on our website (<u>https://www.trc.govt.nz/council/working-with-iwi/iwi-contacts</u>) or here at <u>https://www.tkm.govt.nz/</u>		
		Ngāruahine
		Te Atiawa
		Ngāti Tama
Please state which iwi rohe your		Ngāti Maru
application is located within (Please note that there may be		Taranaki
more than one relevant iwi for your application)		Ngāti Ruanui
, ,		Ngaa Rauru Kiitahi
		Ngāti Mutunga
		Ngāti Maniapoto
-	it outlir	nent Plan (IMP) exists for all relevant iwi identified. If an IMP exists, nes the key resource management issues for that iwi. vi website(s).
How have γou engaged with tangat whenua?	a	

I

7) Description of proposed activity

Map: This application must be accompanied by a farm plan or an aerial photograph (or multiple maps if appropriate). The maps must clearly show the location of:

- The farm
 - Farm boundaries (both owned and leased land);
 - Paddock boundaries and numbering;
 - Raceways;
 - Waterways, drains, springs and wetlands;
 - o Bores and water abstraction points; and any
 - Buildings (houses, sheds, etc.) and/or any other places of assembly.
- Effluent sources
 - Dairy shed;
 - Yard;
 - Feed pad;
 - Wintering sheds;
 - Standoff area;
 - Underpass; and
 - Any other sources of effluent.
- Effluent storage facilities (pond, tank, bladder, sump, stone trap, weeping wall, other);
- Effluent discharge infrastructure (e.g. permanent pipelines, hydrants etc.)
- Effluent discharge
 - Location and area (hectares) available in each effluent discharge paddock (considering setbacks);
 - Identify which paddocks are used for:
 - Liquid effluent irrigation;
 - Solids/sludge;
 - Any other effluent e.g. whey, DAF, etc.
- Stormwater Discharge Location (if applicable)
- Waterbodies
 - <u>Name</u> of nearest flowing river, stream, lake (or water body) to the discharge point on your property

You can use the mapping system on our website (<u>www.trc.govt.nz</u> keywords 'local maps'). The maps

Map included? (please attached separate document)

🗌 Yes

PART 2

8) Sources of effluent	
Milking Shed	
Animal numbers (maximum)	
Times milked per day	once twice 16 hourly
Approximate date that milking starts in a typical year	/ /
Approximate date that milking stops in a typical year	/ /
Do you have any methods to reduce the amount of effluent that is generated? (e.g. greenwash, scraping solids, splitting of the herd etc.)	

Winter Milking		
Do you milk in winter?	□ Yes	□ No
Do you plan to winter milk in the future?	□ Yes	🗌 No
If yes, how many animals are milked?		
How many times per day do you winter milk?	□ once □ twice	□ 16 hourly
Approximate date winter milking starts in a typical year	/ /	
Approximate date winter milking stops in a typical year	/ /	
Stockholding areas (e.g. covered or uncovered feedpads and s	tand-off areas/faciliti	es)
Do you have a wintering shed, feed pad or loafing/stand-off pad?	□ Yes	🗌 No
If 'Yes' for each facility, please provide the following informat	ion:	
Number of animals that use the facility		
Time of year and duration used		
How is the facility cleaned and frequency?		
How and where is the effluent disposed?		
Is there a cover or roof on the facility?	🗌 Yes	🗌 No
What is the base or floor of the facility constructed from (e.g. concrete, compacted pumice, clay, other)?		
Is the base area sealed to a minimum permeability standard of 10^{-9} m/s 1	🗆 Yes	🗆 No
Stormwater Management		
How is stormwater managed within and outside of the facility (bunding, stormwater diversions)?		
Where is stormwater diverted? (show discharge location clearly on Map)		
Other sources of on-farm waste	1	
Are there other sources of effluent collected <i>(e.g. underpass)</i> ?	🗌 Yes	🗌 No
If yes, please provide further details of the facility, size, location, where stormwater goes, if it is pumped to the effluent system etc.	· 	

¹ In accordance with industry best practice, 10^{-9} m/s is well-accepted as defining 'impermeable'

Water Supply Source and Use				
Water Supply Source and Use Please describe the source of water used in the dairy shed for milk cooling, wash down, etc. <i>(please tick those that apply)</i>	Surface water body River Stream Pond Lake Drain Other (please detail) Groundwater bore Roof water collection			
	 Roof water collection Reticulated municipal supply Community water supply scheme Scheme Name: Other (please detail) 			
The take of water from surface water or groundwater is a permitted activity if you comply with conditions of rules 15 and 48, respectively, of the Regional Freshwater Plan (RFWP). If you <u>do not</u> meet the conditions of these rules, you will need a water take consent.				
Rule 15 can be viewed here: <u>https://www.trc.govt.nz/assets/Documents/Plans-policies/FreshwaterPlan/rfwp-r15-r20.pdf</u> Rule 48 can be viewed here: <u>https://www.trc.govt.nz/assets/Documents/Plans-policies/FreshwaterPlan/rfwp-r46-51.pdf</u>				
Volume of water used in the dairy shed	litres per day			

9) Dairy Effluent Storage Calculation (DESC) and Overseer

DESC

You <u>must</u> submit an up to date Dairy Effluent Storage Calculation (DESC)², completed by a suitably qualified person, to determine the volume of storage required on the property.

Also, the DESC must relate to the infrastructure and management method for, the proposed discharge of effluent to land.

m³

Please attach the summary report, and an electronic link of the DESC file to this application.

Summary report attached	
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🗌 Yes

The DESC calculated 90% probability volume of storage

2 The Chief Executive, Taranaki Regional Council will accept as a minimum, storage volume calculated using	the
'Dairy Effluent Storage Calculator' (developed by Massey University and Horizons Regional Council), as determined	ined
by a person with appropriate skills employed by a company that has undergone the accreditation programme	e set
by Irrigation New Zealand.	

10) Current Effluent treatment and storage, and proposed upgrades

Current facilities

Use the following table to identify each effluent treatment and storage facility currently on the property. These will include any pond, tank, sump, stone trap, weeping wall, solids separator, other.

Effluent treatment and storage facilities	Dimensions	Available storage volume as determined by the DESC	Frequency of desludging /cleaning	Construction material and installation date (clay, synthetic liner, concrete)
E.g. – Effluent pond	30 m Length, 25 m width, 2 m deep, batter 0.5/1.0.	1000 m3	2 x year	Synthetic liner installed 2015

Current effluent system

Provide a flow diagram that demonstrates the path of effluent from source through to irrigation that includes interaction with each effluent storage and treatment facility.

Flow diagram included? (please attached separate document)

🗌 Yes

Proposed Upgrades

Describe below what upgrades you will complete during the term of the proposed consent, and the timeframes for those upgrades.

Current facility	Upgraded facility	Dimensions and storage volume of upgrade	Proposed completion date of upgrade
Eg. Unlined pond	Bladder	1000 m ³ and	June 202X
	New stone trap	$4 m x 4 m x 0.5 m = 8 m^3$	June 202X

Decommissioning of current storage		
Are you planning on decommissioning your current storage?	□ Yes	🗆 No
What timeframe do you propose to decommission your current storage in?		
Are you planning any storage upgrades? If so when will work commence and what will it include?		
A pond decommissioning/pond remediation plan will be included in yo being made redundant or is no longer being used to store effluent.	our consent if an unlinea	l effluent storage facility is
If you are not planning on decommissioning your current storage, what do you intend to use it for?		
Please note removing the pipe to the receiving environment from the TRC to be best industry practice.	oxidation pond treatme	nt system is considered by

Effluent discharge		
Total size of effluent disposal area	ha ³	
This should reflect that area mapped in Section 7 above.		
If the effluent is discharged to land by pasture irrigation please complete the table below:		

Effluent irrigation Method	Make/model and any other information you have regarding the irrigator
Travelling irrigator (high rate)	
Travelling irrigator (low rate)	
Stationary irrigator (cannon)	
Pods	
Contractor	
Muck spreader / slurry wagon	
Other	

³ Minimum requirement, 4 hectares per 100 cows, which is designed to ensure nitrogen in the discharge does not exceed 200 kg/ha/year.

Calibration

Provide results of effluent application rate and depth testing for each effluent irrigator in the last 6 months (*Refer* to Dairy NZ^4 for direction on how to take these measurements for your irrigator).

What is the average volume of effluent discharged to pasture in a 24 hour period?	m ³ (as shown by the calibration undertaken)
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Solids/Sludge How sludge is discharged to land, and the application depth:

Fail-safes	
What effluent system fail-safes do	
you/will you have?	

11) Receiving environment

Soils

Provide information on each soil type within the effluent (liquid or sludge) application area on your farm. This information will indicate the suitability of your soils for effluent discharge.

			Vulnerability factors		
Soil types effluent area	in	Drainage Class	Nitrogen leaching	Bypass flow	Dairy effluent (FDE) risk category

4 www.dairynz.co.nz

	This table describes effluent considerations related to the risk class.				
Category	Α	В	C	D	E
Soil and landscape feature	Artificial drainage or coarse soil structure	Impeded drainage or low infiltration rate	Sloping land (>7°) or land with hump & hollow drainage	Well drained flat land (<7°)	Other well drained but very light flat land (<7°)
Risk	High	High	High	Low	Low
Application depth (mm)	<swd1< th=""><th><swd< th=""><th><swd< th=""><th><50% of PAW²</th><th>≤10 mm & <50% of PAW²</th></swd<></th></swd<></th></swd1<>	<swd< th=""><th><swd< th=""><th><50% of PAW²</th><th>≤10 mm & <50% of PAW²</th></swd<></th></swd<>	<swd< th=""><th><50% of PAW²</th><th>≤10 mm & <50% of PAW²</th></swd<>	<50% of PAW ²	≤10 mm & <50% of PAW ²
Storage requirement	Apply only when SWD exists	Apply only when SWD exists	Apply only when SWD exists	24 hours drainage post saturation	24 hrs drainage post saturation
Max depth: High rate tool	10 mm	10 mm	10 mm ³	25 mm ⁴ (10 mm at field capacity)	10 mm
Max depth: Low rate tool	25 mm	25 mm	10 mm	25 mm	10 mm

¹SWD is the soil water deficit ²PAW is the plant available water in the top 300 mm of soil ³Only applicable when instantaneous application rate from the irrigator is less than the infiltration rate ⁴Suggested maximum application depth when a suitable SWD exists ≥15 mm

For all the risk categories the application rate should always be less than the soil infiltration rate otherwise you will get ponding (on sloping land the instantaneous application rate needs to be less than the soil infiltration rate or you will get run-off)

Water			
Name of the nearest flowing river, stream, or lake (water body) to your effluent discharge point			
Distance to water body	m		
Features of the waterway(s) include			
Signs of instream life (e.g. fish, eels, crayfish, native birds, frogs, insects etc.)	□ Yes	🗆 No	
Areas where food is traditionally gathered	□ Yes	🗆 No	🗆 Unsure
Areas of known natural, cultural, heritage or scientific value	□ Yes	🗆 No	Unsure
Comments			

12) Assessment of environmental effects (AEE)

The Resource Management Act (RMA) 1991, requires resource consent applications to include an assessment of environmental effects (AEE), identifying the actual and potential effects that an activity may have on the environment. In addition, the applicant is required to identify the ways in which those effects can be avoided, remedied or mitigated.

- Please identify potential adverse effects on the receiving environment (groundwater and surface water) from the proposed discharge of effluent to land on your farm.
- Please identify the measures or methods that you propose to use that will avoid, remedy or mitigate those potential effects.

Other mitigation measures that could be included:

Lined and sealed effluent storage, effluent area buffer distances e.g. to waterways, bores etc, effluent pump timers, and pressure sensors with automatic failsafe, level sensors on effluent storage, GPS trackers on effluent irrigators, soil moisture and weather meters, contingency effluent storage and pumps – in the event of plant failure or poor weather, management of timing, rate and depth of effluent application, maintenance of effluent system, etc. For any effects and mitigation measures described, please include details of the type of system installed and any details

specific to your farm. For further guidance on other relevant requirements for on-farm freshwater and good farming practises please refer to <u>https://www.trc.govt.nz/environment/farmhub/</u>

🗌 Yes

AEE included? (please attached separate document)

13) Statutory Assessment

This policy assessment is required by s88 and schedule 4 of the RMA.

The objectives and policies from the regional and national planning documents relevant to a discharge of farm dairy effluent to land are listed in the tables below. The Resource Management Act 1991 requires you to make your own assessment of your proposal against relevant policies. The tables provide a space for your comments, or alternatively you can provide your own policy assessment. Please note that this is not a full list of policies, but they are applicable for most applications.

Please click the plan and policy links to ensure you have looked at all relevant objectives or policies.

The Regional Fresh Water Plan for Taranaki		
	f this Plan is to assist the Taranaki Regional Council to promote the sustainable management of fresh es of the region.	
Relevant Policies	Commentary	
3.1.2 & 3.1.3	Relating to the protection and enhancement of natural, ecological and amenity values of freshwater and wetlands.	
3.1.4 & 3.1.5	Relating to protecting rivers and streams with natural, ecological and amenity values of particular streams.	
4.1.1	Protecting as far as practicable, adverse effects on wahi tapu and other sites of cultural significance to Maori.	
4.1.2	Avoiding to the fullest extent practicable adverse effects on mahinga kai and other habitats of species harvested by Tangata Whenua.	

6.2.1	When managing point source discharges to land and surface water, Council will recognise and provide for the different values and uses of surface water.
6.2.2	Ensuring adverse effects from point source discharges of contaminants to land and surface water are avoided, remedied or mitigated.
6.2.4	Requiring the adoption of the best practicable option to prevent or minimise the effects on the environment when discharging contaminants.
6.2.5	Promoting the best practicable option for the disposal of dairy farm effluent.
6.2.6	Advocating the tertiary treatment or land application of farm dairy effluent as a sustainable disposal method.
6.5.3	Managing the discharge of contaminants to land and water such that adverse effects on groundwater quality are avoided, remedied or mitigated.
5A.1.1 & 5A.1.2	Avoiding any adverse effects of the activity on the life-supporting capacity of freshwater and ecosystems, that are likely to be more than minor, or on people's health as affected by their secondary contact with fresh water.
have had regard to th	ne relevant policies outlined above in my proposal. Agree: Y / N

The National Policy Statement for Freshwater Management (NPS-FM) 2020

The National Policy Statement for Freshwater Management (NPS-FM) supports improved freshwater management in New Zealand by directing regional councils to establish objectives and set limits for freshwater in their regional plan which is currently being drafted. The relevant objective of the NPS-FM is in the table below. <u>National Policy</u> <u>Statement for Freshwater Management 2020</u>.

The National Policy Statement for Freshwater Management (NPS-FM) 2020			
Reference	Summary/Theme	Comment	
Objective 1	Ensure that natural and physical resources are managed in a way that prioritises: - First, the health and well-being of water bodies and freshwater ecosystems	My proposal includes various mitigation techniques to mitigate or avoid adverse effects on the health and wellbeing of nearby water bodies and freshwater ecosystems Agree: Y / N Comment:	
	 Second, the health needs of people (such as drinking water) 		
	- Third, the ability of people and communities to provide for their social, economic and cultural well-being, now and in the future		

Regional Air Quality Plan for Taranaki (RAQP)				
Can you comply with Rule 40 of the RAQP regarding on-farm liquid waste management processes Regional Air Quality Plan for Taranaki <u>https://www.trc.govt.nz/assets/Documents/Core-</u> <u>documents/Regional-Air-Plan-2011/TRC-Regional-Air-</u> <u>Quality-Plan-2011-Updated-July-2023.pdf</u>	The attached AEE for this application includes confirmation of compliance with Rule 40 of the RAQP Agree: Y / N			

14) Processing timeframes

The RMA specifies timeframes for processing resource consent applications. Timeframes can be extended with the applicant's agreement.

	Yes, if I can use my existing consent until this application is processed (replacement applications only).
May we extend the	□ Yes, if the extension is to discuss and try to agree on consent conditions.
consent processing timeframe	□ Yes, if the application is processed before
	□ No

15) Deposit

A \$1,725.00 deposit (including GST) is required with this application. This can be paid online, by cash or eftpos at our reception desk.		
•	Taranaki Regional Council's bank account number is 02 0756 0040555 002. Use the applicant's name as the reference. We'll give you a GST invoice marked "PAID" when you've paid.	
•	The application will not be accepted until the deposit is paid. We're happy to hold the forms, but processing will not start until we receive payment.	
•	Additional charges are usually incurred. Please see 'Notes to Applicant' on page 16 and the Schedule of charges attached.	

16) Checklist

Checklist		
The following information must be included in your application:		
	Complete all details in this application form	
	Assessment of environmental effects (section 12)	
	Map (section 6)	
	Dairy Effluent Storage Calculation Summary Report (section 9)	
	Flow Diagram (section 10)	
	Assessment of the activity against the relevant objectives and policies in the relevant regional plan/s (section 13)	
	Sign and date the application form	
	Pay the deposit	
	Other relevant information (e.g. Certificate of Title, details from the Companies Register)	
Unchecked boxes may result in your application being returned under s88 of the RMA.		

Information privacy

The RMA requires this information to process the application.

Taranaki Regional Council ("TRC") will use the information provided with your application to process your application and to assist in managing the region's natural and physical resources. Information in this application is regarded as **official information** and available to the public on request in accordance with the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987 and the Privacy Act 2020. In addition, you agree that the information in your activity application (Forms 1A to 7B) (and any documentation provided in support) will be published and made available on our website. It is important that you let us know if your application includes trade secrets, commercially sensitive information, and/or any other information that you would like to remain confidential.

Riparian Plan		
I agree to my Riparian Plan for this property being released to all interested/affected parties including relevant iwi to help determine whether any effects of the discharge have been mitigated.		
🗆 Yes 🔲 No		
Signature		
 I have authority to sign on behalf of the party/ies named as applicants for this consent. I have read, and understand, all information in this application form, including the requirement to pay additional 		
costs.		
All information provided is true and correct. I understand that inaccurate information could result in my resource consent being cancelled.		
Signature Date		
Name:		

Send your application to Consents@trc.govt.nz

You can also lodge the application by the following methods

Mail: Taranaki Regional Council, Private Bag 713, Stratford 4352.

In person: Taranaki Regional Council offices, 47 Cloten Road Stratford

If you have not received an email acknowledgement for this application within 5 working days (for new applications) or 10 working days (for replacements) please contact <u>consents@trc.govt.nz</u>.

Notes to Applicant – Important information

The deposit amount is required when an application is submitted and is an **initial deposit** towards the final cost of processing the application. Processing of the application will begin when the deposit is received.

The final cost of processing is based on actual and reasonable staff time and expenses incurred during the processing of the application. A final invoice will be issued after processing is completed with any additional amounts incurred above the deposit amount. For dairy discharge applications this is likely to be in the vicinity of \$600.00 plus GST.

Applications returned due to inadequate information will incur the cost of work done in receiving the application, assessing the information and returning the application.

All collection costs incurred in the recovery of a debt will be added to the invoice amount due. Overdue invoices will incur an interest charge of 12% per annum.

Details of Council's charging policy are in its 2024/2034 Long-Term Plan. (www.trc.govt.nz/council/plans-and-reports/strategy-policy-and-plans)

In accordance with statutory requirements a copy of this application may be sent to iwi for their information.

Ongoing responsibilities

Once granted, most resource consents will incur a yearly compliance monitoring charge.

If your application is granted you will be responsible for complying with your consent's conditions and payment of your consent's charges until your consent expires. If you wish to cancel (surrender) your consent, transfer responsibilities to another party or make changes to your consented activity before it expire, you must submit notice to us in writing or make an application to change your consent.

How to prepare an assessment of environmental effects

Key points of Schedule 4 of the RMA

The amount of information in your assessment of environmental effects (AEE) should correspond to the scale and significance of the proposal's environmental effects. Your AEE must include:

- A full description of the proposal, including the site and locality; a site plan and plans of your proposal.
- A description of the environmental effects, including the significance and nature of the effects. Address specific environmental effects and refer to issues identified in the relevant regional plan/s.
- A discussion of effects that may need to be controlled or monitored, how the control or monitoring will be carried out, and by whom.
- A description of alternatives to avoid, remedy or mitigate environmental effects.
- An assessment of risks to the environment from hazardous substances and/or discharge of contaminants.
- An assessment of the activity against the relevant objectives and policies in the relevant regional plan/s.
- A record of consultation: names and comments of people you discussed the proposal with.
- You may need specialist advice for more complex applications. Call the Consents team on 0800 736 222 or email <u>consents@trc.govt.nz</u> for more information.

It is not adequate to state that there are no environmental effects.

If your AEE is not sufficient, we may:

- not accept your application
- turn down your application
- impose many conditions on your resource consent
- ask for more information, delaying the time to process your application, or
- commission someone else to review the application at your cost.

For more information see the Ministry for the Environment's *Good Practice Guide on How to Prepare an AEE* and its brochure on making resource consent applications, at <u>www.environment.govt.nz/publications/a-guide-to-preparing-a-basic-assessment-of-environmental-effects/</u>

Appendix 6: Charging policies

Resource Management Act Charging Policy

Schedule of charges pursuant to section 36 of the Resource Management Act 1991

Schedule 1: Scale of charges for staff time

	Rate for processing resource consents and responding to pollution incidents.	Rate for all other Council work.
Professional staff	\$122/hr	\$117/hr
Professional/supervisory staff	\$155/hr	\$145/hr
Team Leaders	\$190/hr	\$177/hr
Managers	\$224/hr	\$209/hr
Support staff	\$122/hr	\$117/hr
Directors	\$372/hr	\$347/hr

Explanation

This scale of charges is used to calculate the Council's actual and reasonable costs when carrying out functions under the Resource Management Act 1991, including any functions transferred to it under section 33. Where those actual and reasonable costs exceed any specified charges, the Council may recover those costs as additional charges under section 36(3) of the Resource Management Act 1991. Staff time is recovered at the charge appropriate to the task which they are undertaking. The charges are calculated as per the IPENZ method with a multiplier of 2.1. All collection costs incurred in the recovery of a debt will be added to the amount due. Overdue invoices will incur an interest charge at 12% per annum. All charges exclude GST. Effective from 1 July 2024.

Schedule 2: Fixed minimum charges for the preparation or change of policy statement or plans and the processing of resource consents

Request for preparation or change to a plan/policy statement For non-notified farm dairy discharge consent For non-notified consent other For notified consents (limited and public) Renewal or change consent:	\$70,000 \$1,500 \$1,700 \$9,000
 Non-notified Notified (limited and public) 	\$1,700 \$9,000
Non-notified review of consent Notified review of consent Extension of a consent lapse date Certificate of compliance Serve notice of a permitted activity Approvals under Resource Management Act:	\$1,100 \$9,000 \$627 \$1,650 \$383
Water Measuring Regulations Transfer of consent to another party or change of consent holder name (1 to 5 consents) Transfer of consent to another party or change of consent holder name (6 to 20 consents) Transfer of consent to another party or change of consent holder name (more than 21)	\$456 \$121 per consent \$106 per consent \$80 per consent